

# **User manual**

# **Energy storage inverter**

Product Model: ME 5K~20KTL-3PH





#### Content

1. Basic safety information	
1.1. Safety instructions	
1.2. Symbols and signs	4 -
2. Product characteristics	6 -
2.1. Product informations	6 -
2.2. Size description	6 -
2.3. Function characteristics	7 -
2.4. Electrical block diagram	7 -
3. Installation.	9 -
3.1. Installation Process	9 -
3.2. Checking Before Installation	9 -
3.3. Product Overview	11 -
3.4. Tools	
3.5. Installation Environment	
3.6. Determining the Installation Position	
3.7. Moving the ME 5-20KTL-3PH	
3.8. Installing ME 5-20KTL-3PH	
4. Electrical Connections.	
4.1. Wire instructions	
4.2. Connecting PGND Cables	
4.3. Battery Connection	
4.4. Load connection	
4.5. Grid connection	
4.6. External communication interface	
4.7. Communication method	
5. Buttons and indicator lights	
5.1. Buttons	35 -
5.2. Indicator lights and status	35 -
6. Operation (commission)	36 -
6.1. Double Check	36 -
6.2. First Time Setup (IMPORTANT!)	
6.3. Menu	
7. Troubleshooting	
8. Technical Data	61 -
9. Quality Assurance	67 -



#### **Notice**

This manual contains important safety instructions that must be followed during installation and maintenance of the equipment.

#### Save these instructions!

This manual must be considered as an integral part of the equipment. The manual must always accompany the equipment, even when it is transferred to another user or field.

#### **Copyright Declaration**

The copyright of this manual belongs to Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co.,Ltd. Any corporation or individual should not plagiarize, partially copy or fully copy it (including software, ect.),and no reproduction or distribution of it in any form or by any means.All right reserved.

SOFARSOLAR reserves the right of final interpretation. This manual is subject to change according to user's or customer's feedback. Please check our website at <a href="http://www.sofarsolar.com">http://www.sofarsolar.com</a> for latest version.

The current Version updated at 20210927.



# Preface



If you have any question or problem when you read the following information, please contact Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd.

#### Outline

Please read the product manual carefully before installation, operation or maintenance. This manual contains important safety instructions and installation instructions that must be followed during installation and maintenance of the equipment.

#### Scope

This product manual describes the installation, electrical connections, commissioning, maintenance and troubleshooting of ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverters:

ME 5KTL-3PH ME 6KTL-3PH ME 8KTL-3PH ME 10KTL-3PH ME 15KTL-3PH ME 20KTL-3PH

Keep this manual where it will be accessible at all times.

### **Target Group**

This manual is intended for qualified electrical technical personnel who are responsible for inverter installation and commissioning in the PV power system and PV plant operator.

#### **Symbols Used**

This manual is provides safety operation information and uses the symbol in order to ensure personal and property security and property security and use inverter efficiently when operating the inverter. You must understand these emphasized information to avoid the personal injury and property loss. Please read the following symbols used in this manual carefully.



Danger	Danger indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
Warning	Warning indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Caution	Caution indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
Attention	Attention indicates potential risks which, if not avoided, may lead to equipment fault or property damage.
Note	Note provides tips that are valuable for the optimal operation of the product.



# 1. Basic safety information

### 1.1. Safety instructions

Read and understand the instructions of this manual, and be familiar with relevant safety symbols in this chapter, then start to install and troubleshoot the equipment.

According to the national and state requirements, before connecting to the electrical grid, you must get permission from the local electrical grid operation can only be performed by qualified electrical engineer.

Please contact the nearest authorized service center if any maintenance or repair is needed. Contact your distributor for the information of the nearest authorized service center. Do NOT repair it by yourself, it may cause injury or property damage.

When the battery needs to be installed, please confirm the positive and negative terminals of the battery and turn OFF the battery. Otherwise, serious injury may be caused.

#### **Qualified persons**

The customer must make sure the operator has the necessary skill and training to do his/her job.Staff in charge of using and maintaining the equipment must be skilled, aware and mature for the described tasks and must have the reliability to correctly interpret what is described in the manual. For safety reason only a qualified electrician, who has received training and / or has demonstrated skills and knowledge in construction and in operation of this unit, can install this inverter. Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. does not take any responsibility for the property destruction and personal injury because of any incorrect use.

#### **Installation requirements**

Please install inverter according to the following section. Fix the inverter on an appropriate objects with enough load bearing capacity (such as walls, PV racks etc.), and ensure that inverter is vertical placed. Choose a place suitable for installing electrical devices. And assure there is enough fire exit space, convenient



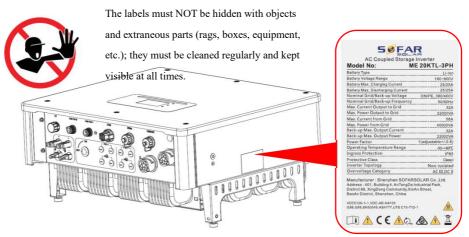
for maintenance. Maintain proper ventilation to ensure enough air cycle to cool the inverter.

### **Transport requirements**

If you find packing problems that may cause the damage of the inverter, or find any visible damage, please immediately notice the responsible transportation company. You can ask solar equipment installation contractor or Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co.Ltd. for help if necessary.

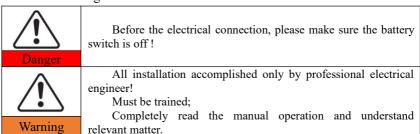
Transport of the equipment, especially by road, must be carried out with by suitable ways and means for protecting the components (in particular, the electronic components) from violent shocks, humidity, vibration, etc.

#### Labels on the equipment



#### **Electric connection**

Please comply with all the current electrical regulations about accident prevention in dealing with the invert.







Attention

Get permission from the local electrical gird operator, complete all electrical connections by professional electrical engineer, then connect inverter to electrical grid.



It's forbidden to remove the tamper evident label, or open the inverter. Otherwise Sofarsolar will not provide warranty or maintenance!

#### **Operation**



Touching the electrical grid or the terminal of the equipment may lead to electrocution or fire!

Don't touch the terminal or conductor connected to the electrical grid.

Pay attention to any instructions or safety documents related to grid connection.



Danger

Some internal components will be very hot when inverter is working. Please wear protective gloves!

#### Maintenance and repair



Danger

Before any repair work, turn OFF the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and electrical grid first, then turn OFF the battery switch.

After turning OFF the AC circuit breaker and DC switch, wait for 5 minutes at least before carrying out any maintenance or repair work.



Attention

Inverter should work again after removing any faults. If you need any repair work, please contact with the local authorized service center.

Can't open the internal components of inverter without authorized. Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. does not take any responsibility for the losses from that.

#### EMC / noise level of inverter

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) refers to that one electrical equipment functions in a given electromagnetic environment without any trouble or error, and impose no unacceptable effect upon the environment. Therefore, EMC represents the quality characters of an electrical equipment. The inherent noise-immune character: immunity to internal electrical noise. External noise immunity: immunity to electromagnetic noise of external system. Noise emission level: influence of electromagnetic emission upon environment.





Danger

# Electromagnetic radiation from inverter may be harmful to health!

Please do not continue to stay around the inverter in less than 20 cm when inverter is working.

## 1.2. Symbols and signs

Caution	Caution of burn injuries due to hot enclosure!  You can only touch the screen and pressing key of the inverter while it's working.
<u>(Î</u>	Ensure input DC voltage < Max. DC voltage .Over voltage may cause permanent damage to inverter or other losses, which will not
Warning	be included in warranty!

#### Signs on the inverter

There are some symbols which are related to security on the inverter. Please read and understand the content of the symbols, and then start the installation.

	This symbol indicates a hazardous situation which could result in injuries, if not avoided.
Smin Smin	There is a residual voltage in the inverter! Before opening the equipment, operator should wait for five minutes to ensure the capacitor is discharged completely.
4	Caution, risk of electric shock.
	Caution hot surface.
(€	Comply with the Conformite Europeenne (CE) certification.
<b>(1)</b>	Grounding point.
[]i	Please read this manual before install ME 5-20KTL-3PH.
+-	This indicates the degree of protection of the equipment according to IEC standard 70-1 (EN 60529 June 1997).
	Positive pole and negative pole of the input voltage (DC).





This side up, ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter must always be transported, handled and stored in such a way that the arrows always point upwards.



RCM (Regulatory Compliance Mark)

The product complies with the requirements of the applicable Australian standards.



## 2. Product characteristics

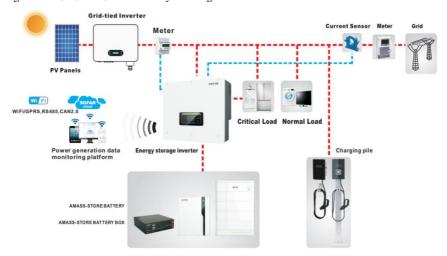
#### 2.1. Product informations

ME 5-20KTL-3PH is an AC coupled bi-directional battery converter. Customers can purchase batteries&ME 5-20KTL-3PH as an energy storage add-on to his/her existing renewable energy system. ME 5-20KTL-3PH helps to achieve optimal usage of renewable energy.

The ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter has a variety of built-in operating modes to suit the diverse user needs.

The ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter can provide a complete solution in the period of rising energy costs such as oil and coal, the energy subsidy of photovoltaic grid-connected system keeps falling. In the period of continuous power supply and emergency power supply demand in mountainous areas or base stations without power grid.

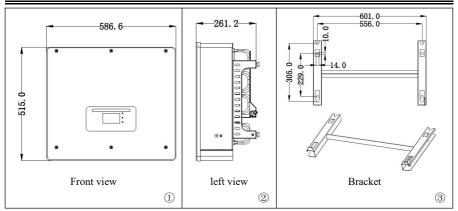
Fig. 2-1 ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter system diagram



## 2.2. Size description

Fig. 2-2 Size chart





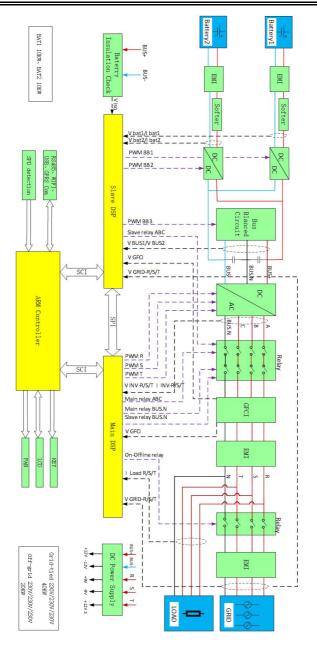
### 2.3. Function characteristics

The ME 5-20KTL-3PH energy storage inverters allow up to 10% overloading to maximize power output, and the Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) mode can support inductive loads such as air conditioners or refrigerators with an automatic switchover time of less than 20 milliseconds.

- a. Max. battery charge and discharge efficiency 97.7%.
- b. 2 strings of battery input with maximum 50A charge and discharge current.
- c. Wide battery voltage range(180-800V).
- d. Off-grid output can be connected to unbalanced load.
- e. AC Multi-parallel function, more flexible system solution.
- f. Smart monitoring, RS485/WiFi/Bluetooth/GPRS(Optional).

## 2.4. Electrical block diagram

Fig. 2-3 Electrical block diagram

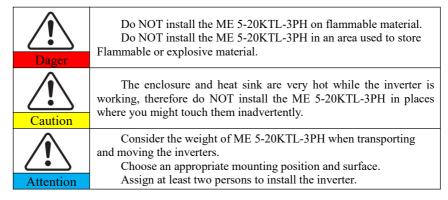


ME 5-20KTL-3PH



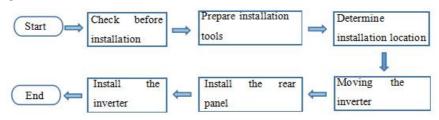
## 3. Installation

#### Installation notes



### 3.1. Installation Process

Fig.3-1 Installation flowchart



## 3.2. Checking Before Installation

### **Checking Outer Packing Materials**

Packing materials and components may be damaged during transportation. Therefore, check the outer packing materials before installing the inverter. Check the outer packing materials for damage, such as holes and cracks. If any damage is found, do not unpack the ME 5-20KTL-3PH and contact the dealer as soon as possible. You are advised to remove the packing materials within 24 hours before installing the ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter.

### **Checking Deliverables**



After unpacking the inverter, check whether deliverables are intact and complete. If any damage is found or any component is missing, contact the dealer.

Table3-1 Components and mechanical parts that should be delivered

NO.	Picture	Description	Quantity
1		Inverter	1pcs
2	J. J.	Rear panel	1pcs
3		BAT- input terminal	2pcs
4		BAT+input terminal	2pcs
5	J. J	Metal terminals secured to BAT- input power cables	2pcs
6		Metal terminals secured to BAT+ input power cables	2pcs
7		M6 Hexagon screw	2pcs
8		M8*80 Expansion bolts used to secure the wall-mount bracket to the wall	4pcs
9		AC Grid connector	1pcs
10		Load Output connector	1pcs
11		Link port connector	1pcs



12	O'DECOMECT COMMAN A	8 pin terminal Matching terminal resistance (parallel system)	1pcs
13		DRMs connector	1pcs
14	Maria de la companya	CT 6pin connector	1pcs
15		Three phase electronic energy meter	2pcs
16		Split Core Current Transformer AKH-0.66/K-Φ24 200A/5A (CT to be connected to the DTSU666 Meter only)	6pcs
17		COM 16pin connector	1pcs
18		Manual	1pcs
19		The warranty card	1pcs
20	OS ES MANUAL MAN	Quality Certificate	1pcs
21		Outgoing inspection report	1pcs

## 3.3. Product Overview

ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter is 100% strictly inspected before package and delivery. It is forbidden to put the ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter upside down during delivery.





Please check the product package and fittings carefully before installation.

Fig.3-2 ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter overview

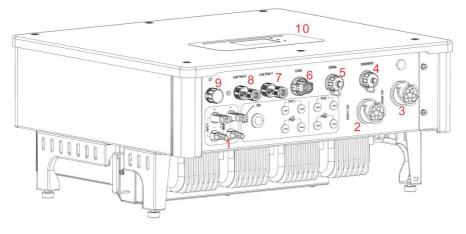


Table 3-2 ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter overview

1	Battery input terminals	6	COM
2	Load connection port	7	Link Port 1
3	Grid connection port	8	Link Port 0
4	USB/WiFi	9	CT
5	DRMs	10	LCD

## **3.4. Tools**

Prepare tools required for installation and electrical connections.

Table 3-3 Tools required for installation and electrical connections.

NO.	Tool	Model	Function
1		Hammer drill Recommend drill dia. 8mm	Used to drill holes on the wall.
2		Screwdriver	Wiring
3		Cross screwdriver	Remove and install AC terminal screws
4	SO POLITE	Removal tool	Remove PV terminal



5		Wire stripper	Strip wire	
6		5mm Allen Wrench	Turn the screw to connect rear panel with inverter.	
7		Crimping tool	Used to crimp power cables	
8		Multi-meter	Used to check grounding	
9	4	Marker	Used to mark signs	
10		Measuring tape	Used to measure distances	
11	0-180°	Level	Used to ensure that the rear panel is properly installed	
12		ESD gloves	Operators wear	
13		Safety goggles	Operators wear	
14		Anti-dust respirator	Operators wear	

### 3.5. Installation Environment

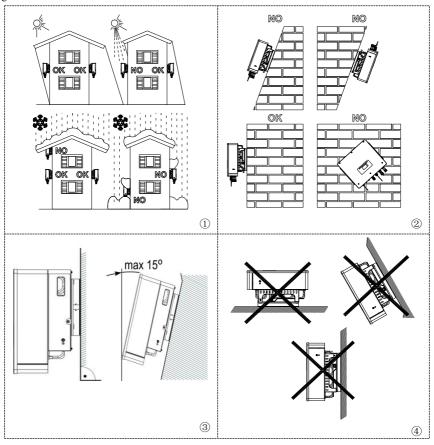
- a. Choose a dry, clean, and tidy place, convenient for installation.
- b. Ambient temperature range: -25°C  $\sim 60^{\circ}C.$
- c. Relative humidity:  $0 \sim 100\%$  (non-condensed).
- d. ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter shall be installed in a well-ventilated place.
- e. No flammable or explosive materials close to ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter.
- f. The AC overvoltage category of ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter is category II.
- g. Maximum altitude: 4000m.
- h. Pollution degree: Four



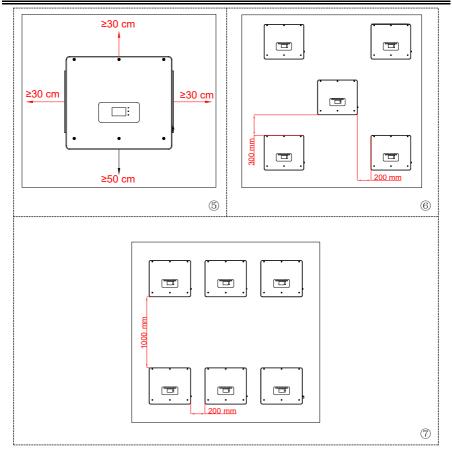
# 3.6. Determining the Installation Position

Determine an appropriate position for installing the ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter. Comply with the following requirements when determining the installation position.

Fig. 3-3 Installation Position of ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter



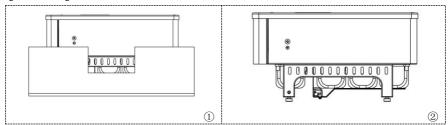




## 3.7. Moving the ME 5-20KTL-3PH

**Step 1** Open the packaging, insert hands into the slots on both sides of the inverter and hold the handles, as shown in Fig.3-4.

Fig. 3-4 Moving the inverter





**Step 2** Lift the inverter from the packing case and move it to the installation position.



To prevent device damage and personal injury, keep balance when moving the inverter because the inverter is heavy.

Do not put the inverter with its wiring terminals contacting the floor because the power ports and signal ports are not designed to support the weight of the inverter. Place the inverter horizontally.

When placing the inverter on the floor, put foam or paper under the inverter to protect its shell.

### 3.8. Installing ME 5-20KTL-3PH

Step 1 Determine the positions for drilling holes, ensure the hole positions are level, then mark the hole positions using a marker pen, use the hammer drill to drill holes on the wall. Keep the hammer drill perpendicular to the wall, do not shake when drilling, so as not to damage the wall. If the error of the hole positions is too big, you need to reposition.

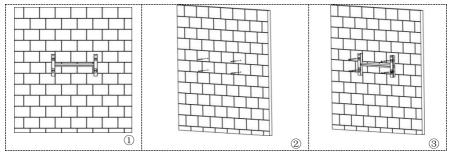
**Step 2** Insert the expansion bolt vertically into the hole, pay attention to the insertion depth of the expanding bolt (should be deep enough).

**Step 3** Align the rear panel with hole positions, fix the rear panel on the wall by tightening the expansion bolt with the nuts.

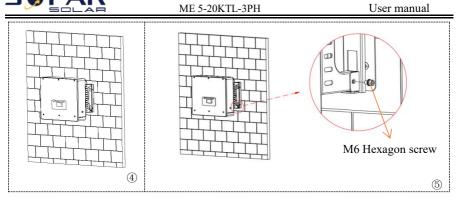
**Step 4** Hook the inverter to the rear panel. Using an M6 screw to secure the inverter to the rear panel to ensure safety.

**Step 5** You can secure the inverter to the rear panel and protect if from stealing by installing an anti-theft lock (this action is optional).

Fig. 3-5 Installing ME 5-20KTL-3PH









## 4. Electrical Connections

ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverter is intended to be used in system with battery storage. If not used as intended, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.



Attention

Installation and maintenance of inverter, must be operated by professional electrical engineer.

Wear rubber gloves and protective clothing (protective glasses and boots) when working on high voltage/high current systems such as inverter and battery systems.

**NOTE:**The DVC is the voltage of a circuit which occurs continuously between any two live part in the worst-case rated operating condition when used as intended.

Table 4-1 The decisive voltage class(DVC)

Interface	DVC
Grid connection port	DVCC
Battery input port	DVCC
Load connection port	DVCC
USB/WiFi interface	DVCA
COM interface	DVCA
CT interface	DVCA
DRMs	DVCA
Link Port 0 & Link Port 1	DVCA

### 4.1. Wire instructions

Table 4-2 Cable description

Component		Description	Recommended cable type	Recommended cable specifications
+	+ BAT2	+: Connect the positive electrode of lithium battery	Outdoor multi-core	Conductor
BAT1		-: Connect the negative electrode of lithium battery	copper cable	area:4mm <sup>2</sup> ~6mm <sup>2</sup>

Load	L1 L2 L3 N PE	Outdoor multi-core copper cable	Conductor cross-sectional area:6mm <sup>2</sup> ~ 10mm <sup>2</sup>
AC	L1 L2 L3 N PE	Outdoor multi-core copper cable	Conductor cross-sectional area:10mm <sup>2</sup> ~ 16mm <sup>2</sup>

Here L1, L2 and L3 correspond to R, S and T in the manual.

## 4.2. Connecting PGND Cables

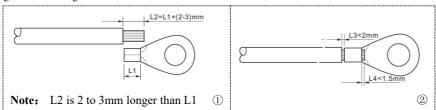
Connect the inverter to the grounding electrode using protection ground (PGND) cables for grounding purpose.

The PGND cables are prepared (≥4mm² outdoor power cables are recommended for grounding purposes), the color of cable should be yellow-green.

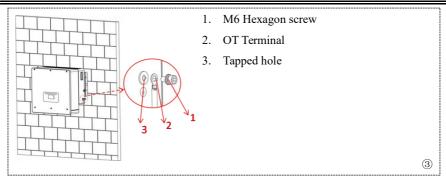
#### Procedure:

- **Step 1** Remove the insulation layer with an appropriate length using a wire stripper, as shown in Fig.4-1.
- **Step 2** Insert the exposed core wires into the OT terminal and crimp them by using a crimping tool, as shown in Fig.4-1.
- **Step 3** Install the crimped OT terminal, flat washer using M6 screw, and tighten the screw to a torque of 3 N.m using an Allen wrench.
- **Note 1:** L3 is the length between the insulation layer of the ground cable and the crimped part.L4 is the distance between the crimped part and core wires protruding from the crimped part.
- **Note 2:** The cavity formed after crimping the conductor crimp strip shall wrap the core wires completely. The core wires shall contact the terminal closely.

Fig.4-1 Connecting PGND cable







## 4.3. Battery Connection

#### Procedure:

**Step 1** Select the appropriate cable type and specifications according to the table4-2.Remove cable glands from the positive and negative connectors. ( It is recommended that the positive and negative be distinguished by different colors).

**Step 2** Remove the insulation layer with an appropriate length from the positive and negative power cables by using a wire stripper as show in Fig.4-2①.

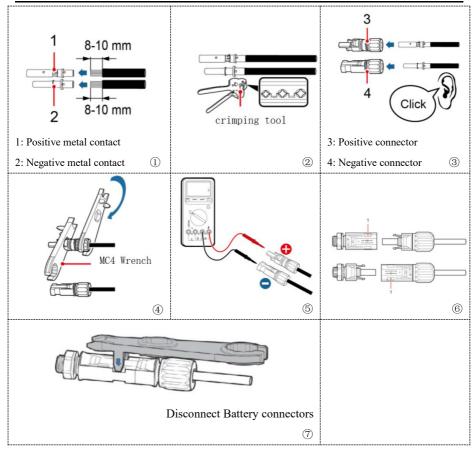
**Step 3** Insert the stripped positive and negative power cables into the positive and negative metal terminals respectively and crimp them using a clamping tool. Ensure that the cables are crimped until they cannot be pulled out by force less than 400 N, as shown in Fig.4-223.

- **Step 4** Insert crimped power cables into corresponding housings until you hear a "click" sound. The power cables snap into place.
- **Step 5** Reinstall cable glands on positive and negative connectors and rotate them against the insulation covers.
- **Step 6** Insert the positive and negative connectors into corresponding Battery terminals of the inverter until you hear a "click" sound, as shown in Fig.4-2.6.

To remove the positive and negative connectors from the inverter, insert a removal wrench into the bayonet and press the wrench with an appropriate strength, as shown in Fig.4-2⑦.

Fig.4-2 Connect Battery



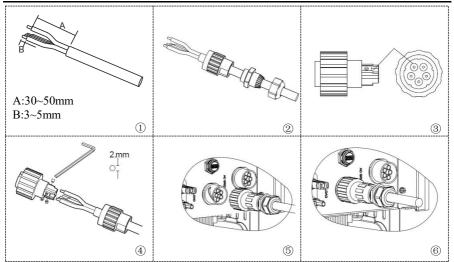


### 4.4. Load connection

#### Procedure:

- **Step 1** Select the appropriate cable type and specifications according to the table4-2.Refer to Fig.4-3① for processing wire.
- Step 2 Pass the wire through the terminal, as shown in Fig.4-32.
- **Step 3** Connect the wire to the terminal according to the identification on the terminal, as shown in Fig.4-334.
- Step 4 Connect the terminal to the machine port and rotate the clamp clockwise.
- Fig.4-3 Load connection





### 4.5. Grid connection

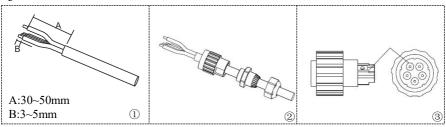
The inverter is equipped with an integrated residual current monitoring unit. When the inverter detects that the residual current exceeds 100mA, the connection to the power grid will be quickly disconnected.

If the external ac switch has leakage protection function, its rated leakage action current is required to be  $\geq 100 \text{mA}$ .

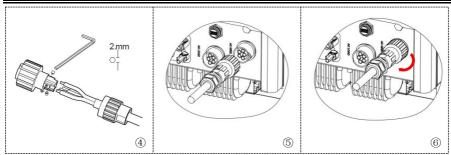
#### Procedure:

- **Step 1** Select the appropriate cable type and specifications according to the table4-2. Refer to Fig.4-4① for processing wire.
- Step 2 Pass the wire through the terminal, as shown in Fig.4-42.
- **Step 3** Connect the wire to the terminal according to the identification on the terminal, as shown in Fig.4-434.
- **Step 4** Connect the terminal to the machine port and rotate the clamp clockwise.

Fig.4-4 Grid connection







### 4.6. External communication interface

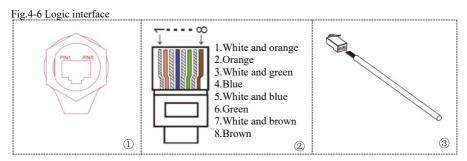
### 4.6.1 USB/WIFI communication interface



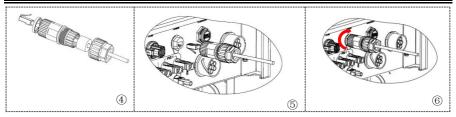
Table4-3 Interface description

PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	GND.S	USB power -	The LICD
2	DP	USB data +	The USB power supply is 5V/1A; Cannot be used for
3	DM	USB data -	external device charging
4	VBUS	USB power +	external device charging

## 4.6.2 DRMs interface- Logic interface







#### **Procedure:**

- Step 1 Press the wire terminals in color sequence.
- **Step 2** Route Cable terminal through the cable gland, Insert the communication cable into the RJ45 connector.

The logic interface pin definitions and circuit connections are as follows: Logic interface pin are defined according to different standard requirements

(a) Logic interface for AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, also known as inverter demand response modes (DRMs).

The inverter will detect and initiate a response to all supported demand response commands within 2s. The inverter will continue to respond while the mode remains asserted.

Table 4-4 Function description of the DRMs terminal

Pin NO.	Color	Function	
1	White and orange	DRM1/5	
2	Orange	DRM2/6	
3	White and green	DRM3/7	
4	Blue	DRM4/8	
5	White and blue	DRM0	
6	Green	RefGen	
7	White and brown	Pin7&Pin8 short internal	
8	Brown	Pin/&Pin8 snort internal	

(b) Logic interface for EN50549-1:2019 and VDE-AR-N 4105:2018-11, is in order to cease active power output within five seconds following an instruction being received at the input interface.

Fig.4-7 Inverter - RRCR Connection



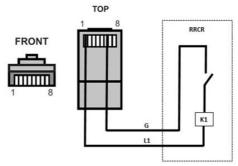


Table 4-7 Function description of the terminal

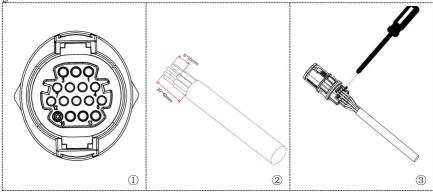
Pin NO.	Pin name	Description	Connected to (RRCR)
1	L1	Relay contact 1 input	K1 - Relay 1 output
2	NC	Not Connected	Not Connected
3	NC	Not Connected	Not Connected
4	NC	Not Connected	Not Connected
5	NC	Not Connected	Not Connected
6	G	GND	K1 - Relay 1 output
7	NC	Not Connected	Not Connected
8	NC	Not Connected	Not Connected

Table 4-8 The inverter is preconfigured to the following RRCR power levels, close is 1, open is 0

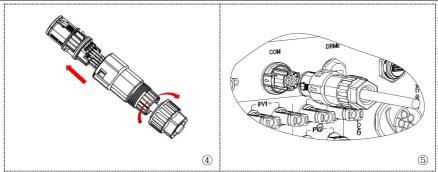
L1	Active Power	Power drop rate	Cos(φ)
1	0%	<5 seconds	1
0	100%	/	1

### 4.6.3 COM-Multifunction communication interface

Fig.4-8 COM interface







Please refer to the following figure for RS485 connection When you need to use RS485 as a cascade of monitoring between inverters.

Fig.4-9 RS485 connection(cascade of monitoring between inverters)

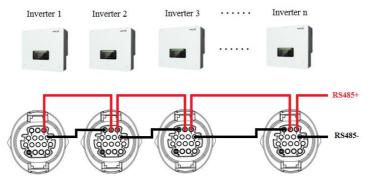


Table 4-9 Interface description

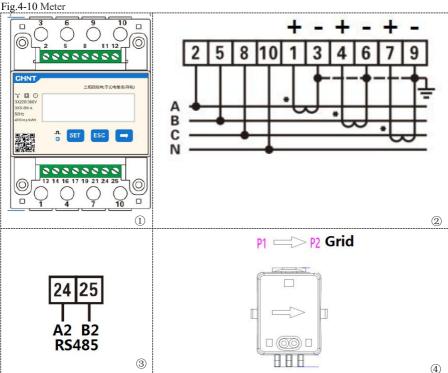
PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	RS485A1-1	RS485 differential signal +	
2	RS485A1-2	RS485 differential signal +	Wired monitoring or inverter
3	RS485B1-1	RS485 differential signal –	cascade monitoring
4	RS485B1-2	RS485 differential signal –	
5	RS485A2	RS485 differential signal +	Communicate with electricity
6	RS485B2	RS485 differential signal -	meters
7	CAN0_H	CAN high data	Used for communication with
8	CAN0_L	CAN low data	lithium battery BMS, the inverter
9	GND.S	BMS communication GND	can automatically identify the
10	485TX0+	RS485 differential signal +	battery BMS communication as
11	485TX0-	RS485 differential signal -	CAN or RS485 communication
12	GND.S	Signal GND	Sampling lead-acid battery
13	BAT_Temp	Battery temperature sampling	temperature
14	DCT1	Dry Contact1	Providing electrical switching
15	DCT2	Dry Contact2	function
16	VCC	Communication VCC	12V power supply



PIN5 and PIN6 are used for meter communication, the electricity meter is shown in the Fig.4-10①, PIN5 and PIN6 correspond to 24,25 respectively on the electricity meter, as shown in Fig.4-10③.

The connection mode is shown in Fig.4-10②. The 2,5,8 and 10 on the electricity meter are connected to voltage signals A,B,C and N respectively.

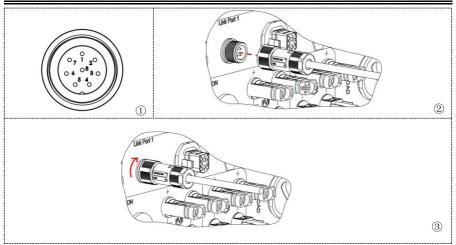
And the current needs to be connected through the current transformer, 1,3 correspond to the A-phase current transformer, 4,6 correspond to the B-phase, 7,9 correspond to the C-phase.



#### 4.6.4 Link Port 0&1-Cascade communication interface

Fig.4-11 Link Port





When using the parallel system, the inverter settings and notes please refer to this manual<6.3.2 Advanced setting→6.Parallel setting>.

Fig.4-12 parallel system

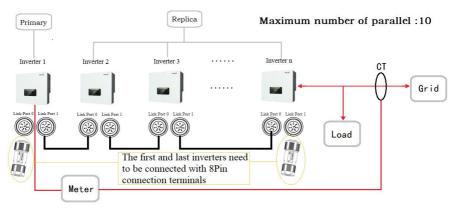


Table 4-10 Interface description

PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	IN_SYN0	Synchronizing signal0	
2	CANL	CAN low data	
3	SYN_GND0	Synchronizing signal GND0	
4	CANH	CAN high data	The high level of the
5	IN_SYN1	Synchronizing signal1	synchronous signal is 12V
6	SYN_GND1	Synchronizing signal GND1	
7	SYN_GND2	Synchronizing signal GND2	
8	IN_SYN2	Synchronizing signal2	

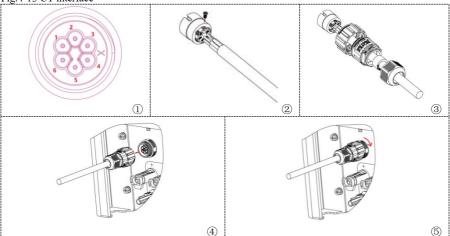


### 4.6.5 CT-External current sensor interface

Table 4-11 Interface description

PIN	Definition	Function	Note
1	Ict_R-	The current sensor outputs a negative electrode	Used to connect R phase
2	Ict_R+	The current sensor outputs a positive electrode	current sensor of power grid
3	Ict_S-	The current sensor outputs a negative electrode	Used to connect S phase
4	Ict_S+	The current sensor outputs a positive electrode	current sensor of power grid
5	Ict_T-	The current sensor outputs a negative electrode	Used to connect T phase
6	Ict_T+	The current sensor outputs a positive electrode	current sensor of power grid

Fig.4-13 CT interface



There are two ways to get grid current information:

Plan A:CT Plan B:Meter +CT(default)

The system with the current per phase less than 300A can be directly connected to CT or electricity meter. Above 300A, only electricity meters can be used.

There are two situations when CT is installed. One is to connect in the correct CT direction. The direction should refer to the figure below, from the inverter to the power grid. One is the random CT direction, and then the use of CT calibration function for calibration. CT calibration procedures refer to this manual 6.3.2>>8.CT calibration.



If the Main Switch is used residual current protection device, it is recommended to choose type A protector for RCD with leakage current of 100mA or above (it is better to adjust according to the size of the system).

The inverter output of ME 5-20KTL-3PH series inverter has 4 sets of relays, which are electrically connected to the output end R/S/T/N respectively to ensure the continuity of the electrical connection of load R/S/T/N when the inverter is switched off the grid.

Input DC overcurrent protection in each path of the inverter: 48A.

The short-circuit protection current of 50A (RMS) and above is recommended for installing isolator on DC side.

ME 10K~20KTL-3PH inverter output AC overcurrent protection: 82A (peak) \58A (RMS).

It is recommended to install isolator on the AC side of ME 10K~20KTL-3PH system. The short-circuit protection current is 60A (RMS) and above.

ME 5K~8KTL-3PH inverter output AC overcurrent protection: 65A (peak) \46A (RMS).

It is recommended to install isolator on the AC side of ME 5K~8KTL-3PH system. The short-circuit protection current is 50A (RMS) and above.



Fig. 4-14 Electrical connections (Plan A:CT)

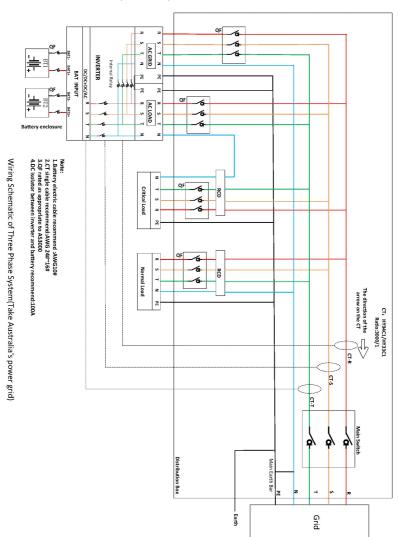
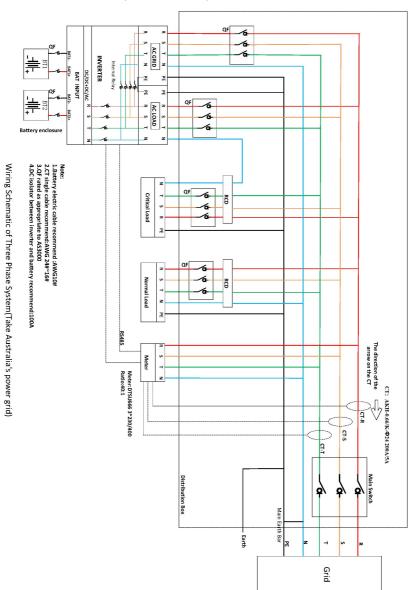




Fig. 4-15 Electrical connections (Plan B:Meter +CT)





## 4.7. Communication method

ME 5-20KTL-3PH offer RS485 (standard) and WiFi/GPRS (optional) communication modes:

## A. Single inverter communication:

#### 1. RS485

Refer to the figure shown below, connect the RS485+ and RS485- of the inverter to the TX+ and TX- of the RS485→ USB adapter, and connect the USB port of the adapter to the computer.(NOTE: The length of the RS485 communication cable should be less than 1000 m)

Fig 4-16



#### 2. WiFi/GPRS

Refer to the figure shown below.

Fig 4-17



The operation information (generated energy, alert, operation status) of the inverter can be transferred to PC or uploaded to the server via WiFi/GPRSUsers can choose to use web or APP for monitoring and viewing according to their needs. They need to register an account and bind the device with the WiFi/GPRS SN number. The SN number of the WiFi/GPRS shall be affixed to the package box and the WiFi/GPRS.

Web: https://home.solarmanpv.com (Recommended browser: Chrome58, Firefox49, IE9 and



above version)

APP: Android: Go to Android Market and search "SolarMAN".

IOS: Go to App Store and search "SolarMAN".

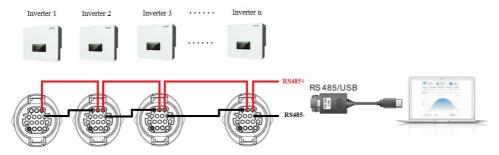
SolarMAN-3.0-Web User Manual, Please visit the <a href="https://doc.solarmanpv.com/web/#/7">https://doc.solarmanpv.com/web/#/7</a>. SolarMAN-App User Manual, Please visit the <a href="https://doc.solarmanpv.com/web/#/14">https://doc.solarmanpv.com/web/#/14</a>.

### **B.** Communication between multiple inverters:

#### 1. RS485

RS485 wires are connected in parallel between inverters, Connect the RS485+ and RS485- of the inverter to the TX+ and TX- of the RS485 → USB adapter; connect the USB port of the adapter to the computer. (NOTE: When multiple inverters are connected via RS485 wires, set communication address to differentiate the inverters, please refer to this manual <6.3.1System setting→8.Communication Addr>).

**Note:** An isolated adapter must be used or the signal will be interfered. Fig 4-18



#### 2. WI-FI/GPRS

Refer to the figure shown below, the monitoring mode is the same as that of a single unit.

Fig 4-19





# 5. Buttons and indicator lights

Fig.5-1 Buttons and indicator lights



Back Up Down Ok

## 5.1. Buttons

- ♦ press "Back" to the previous screen or enter the main interface.
- ♦ press "Up" to the upper menu option or value plus 1.
- ♦ press "Down" to the lower menu option or value minus 1.
- ♦ Press "OK" to select the current menu option or switch to the next digit.

## 5.2. Indicator lights and status

Status	On Grid Green light	Off-Grid Green light	Alarm Red light
On-grid	ON		
Standby (On-Grid)	Flashing		
Off-Grid		ON	
Standby (Off-Grid)		Flashing	
Alarm			ON



# 6. Operation (commission)

## 6.1. Double Check

Please double check the following before operation.

- 1. Inverter is firmly fastened to the mounting bracket on the wall.
- 2. BAT+/BAT- wires are firmly connected, polarity and voltage are correct.
- DC isolator is correctly connected between battery & inverter, DC isolator OFF.
- 4. GRID / LOAD cables are firmly / correctly connected.
- AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between inverter GRID port & GRID, circuit breaker: OFF.
- 6. AC circuit breaker is correctly connected between inverter LOAD port & critical load, circuit breaker: OFF.
- 7. For lithium battery, please ensure that the communication cable has been correctly connected.
- 8. For the lead-acid battery, please ensure that the NTC wire has been correctly connected

## 6.2. First Time Setup (IMPORTANT!)

## IMPORTANT: Please follow the following procedure to switch ON inverter.

- 1. Make sure there's no power generation in inverter's phase.
- 2. Switch ON the battery. Turn ON DC isolator between battery & inverter.
- 3. Turn ON AC circuit breaker between the inverter GRID port & GRID.
- 4. Turn ON AC circuit breaker between the inverter LOAD port & critical load.
- Inverter should start to operate now.
   You need to set the following parameters before inverter starts to operate.



Table 6-1 Set the parameters

Parameter	Note
1.OSD Language Option	The default English.
2.System time setting and confirmation	If you are connected to the host computer such as collector or mobile phone APP, the time should have been calibrated to the local time.
*3.Safety parameter import	You need to find the safety parameters file (named after the corresponding safety country) on the website, download it to the usb flash drive, and import it.
4.Set the input channel	Default order: BAT1, BAT2)
*5.Set battery parameters	Default values can be displayed according to the input channel configuration.
6. Setup is complete	

Table 6-2 List of regulated countries

Code		Country	Сс	ode	Country
	000	Germany VDE4105	018	000	EU EN50438
000	001	Germany BDEW	018	001	EU EN50549
	002	Germany VDE0126	019	000	IEC EN61727
	000	Italia CEI-021 Internal	020	000	Korea
001	001	Italia CEI-016 Italia	021	000	Sweden
001	002	Italia CEI-021 External	022	000	Europe General
	003	Italia CEI0-21 In Areti	024	000	Cyprus
	000	Australia	025	000	India
	001	Australia AU-WA	026	000	Philippines
	002	Australia AU-SA	027	000	New Zealand
002	003	Australia AU-VIC		000	Brazil
002	004	Australia AU-QLD	028	001	Brazil LV
	005	Australia AU-VAR	028	002	Brazil 230
	006	Australia AUSGRID		003	Brazil 254
007 Australia Horizon			000	Slovakia VSD	
003	003 000 Spain RD1699		029	001	Slovakia SSE
004	000	Turkey		002	Slovakia ZSD
005	000	Denmark	033	000	Ukraine
003	001	Denmark TR322	035	000	Mexico LV
006	000	Greece Continent	038	000	Wide-Range-60Hz
000	001	Greece island	039	000	Ireland EN50438
007	000	Netherland	040	000	Thailand PEA
008	08 000 Belgium		040	001	Thailand MEA
009	000	UK G59/G99	042	000	LV-Range-50Hz
009	001	UK G83/G98	044	000	South Africa
010	000	China	046	000	Dubai DEWG
010	001	China Taiwan		001	Dubai DEWG MV



011	000 France		107	000	Croatia
001 France FAR Arrete23		108	000	Lithuania	
012	000	Poland			



It's very important to make sure that you have selected the correct country code according to requirements of local authority.

Please consult qualified electrical engineer or personnel from electrical safety authorities about this.

Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any consequences arising out of incorrect country code selection.

\*5.Set battery parameters (Take the default input channel configuration as an example).Start with battery 1 and work your way up to battery n.

#### Battery Type

Type of band	
communication	on protocol
1.Battery Ado	dress
2.Battery Cha	arge Current
Limit	
3.Battery Dis	charge
Current Limit	t
4.Battery DO	D

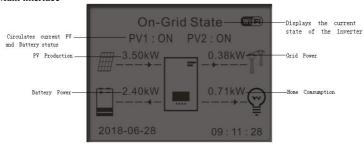
Lead acid or no protocol				
type				
1.Battery Capacity				
2.Battery Nominal Voltage				
3.Battery Cell Type				
4.Battery Charge Current				
Limit				
5.Battery Discharge Current				
Limit				
6.Battery DOD				

Table 6-3 Default values for other Settings

Item	The default state				
Energy Storage Mode	Self-use mode				
EPS Mode	Disable				
Anti Reflux	Disable				
Logic interface	Disable				

## 6.3. Menu

Fig 6-1. Main interface



- 38 -



Main interface

In the main interface, press "Down" button to enter grid/battery parameters page.

Grid Output Information
Grid(V) R***.*V
Grid(V) S*******
Grid(V) T*******
Grid(V) T***.*V AC Current R**.**A
AC Current S**.**A
AC Current S**.**A AC Current T**.**A
Frequency**.**Hz
Battery Information (1)
Batt1 (V)******V Batt1 Curr****A
Batt1 Curr**.**A
Batt1 Power**.**KW
Batt1 Temp*℃
Batt1 SOC**%
Batt1 SOH**%
Batt1 Cycles*T
Battery Information (2)
Batt2 (V)******V Batt2 Curr*****A
Batt2 Curr**.**A
Batt2 Power**.**KW
Batt2 Temp*℃
Batt2 SOC***%
Batt2 SOH**%
Batt2 Cycles*T

In the main interface, press "back" button to enter main menu. The main menu has the following six options.

Main interface Back

1.System Setting
2.Advanced Setting
3.Energy Statistic
4.System Information
5.Event List
6.Software Update

## 6.3.1 System setting



1. System Setting

OK

1.Language Settings
2.Time
3.Safety Param.
4.Energy Storage Mode
5.Auto Test(Only for Italy)
6.Input Channel Config
7.EPS Mode
8.Communication Addr.

#### 1. Language Settings

Used to set the menu display language.

1.Language Settings

OK



#### 2. Time

Set the system time for the inverter.



#### 3. Safety Param

User can modify the Safety Param of the machine through the usb flash disk, and the user needs to copy the parameter information that needs to be modified into the usb flash disk card in advance.

Note:To enable this feature, please contact the Sofarsolar technical support .

## 4. Energy Storage Mode

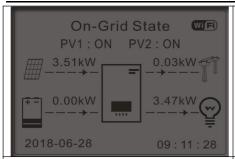
4.Energy Storage Mode	OK	1.Self-use Mode	OK
		2.Time-of-use Mode	
		3.Timing Mode	
		4.Passive Mode	OK

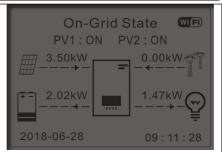
#### Self-use Mode

In Self-use mode, inverter will automatically charge & discharge the battery.

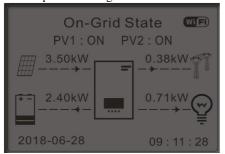
1)	If	PV	generation	=	LOAD	2)	If	PV	generation	>	LOAD
	con	sumpti	on $(\Delta P < 10)$	0W)	inverter		con	sumpti	ion, the surplu	ıs po	wer will
won't charge or discharge the battery.					be s	stored	in the battery.				



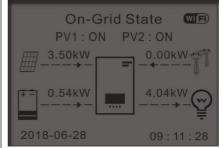




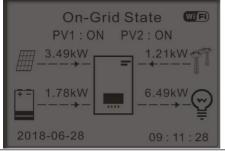
 If the battery is full(or already at Max Charge Power), excess power will be exported to the grid.



4) If PV generation < LOAD consumption, it will discharge the battery to supply power to load.



5) If PV generation + Battery < LOAD consumption, inverter will import power from the grid.



Note: If the it is not allowed to export power to grid, a Anti Reflux Meter/CT needs to be installed, and "Anti Reflux Control" function needs to be enabled. For details, please refer to wiring diagram on 4.6.5 of this manual and setting method in Section 6.3.2.

#### Time-of-use Mode

If electricity is more expensive in high demand time (peak rate) & electricity is much cheaper in low demand time (off-peak rate).

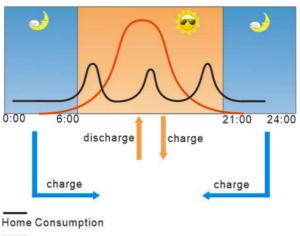
You can select an off-peak period to charge your battery. Outside the off-peak



charge period, inverter is working in Auto Mode.

If your family normally go to work/school on weekdays & stay at home on weekends, which means the home electricity consumption is much higher on weekends. Thus, you need to store some cheap electricity on weekdays only. This is possible using our Time-of-use mode.

In summer, if your PV system can produce more electricity than your home electricity consumption. Then you don't need to set an off-peak charge period to charge your battery in summer at all. You can select an effective date (normally winter) for Time-of-use mode in this case. Outside the effective date, inverter is working in Auto Mode.



You can set multiple Time-of-use rules to meet your more complex requirement. Right now we support 4 rules maximum (rule 0/1/2/3).

2.Time-of-use
Mode

PV Production

OK

Set Time-of-use Mode						
Rules. 0:		Enabled/				
From		То	SOC		Charge	
02h00m -		04h00m	070%		01000W	
Effective		date				
Dec.	22	-	Mar.	21		
Weekday		select				
Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.			
Fri.	Sat.	Sun.				

#### **Set Timing Mode**

Changing the value of a rule can set multiple timing rules.



3.Timing Mode	OK	Timing Mode	
		Rules. 0:Enabled/Disabled	
		Charge Start	22 h 00 m
		Charge End	05 h 00 m
		Charge Power	02000 W
		DisCharge Start	14 h 00m
		DisCharge End	16 h 00m
		DisCharge Power	02500 W

#### Passive Mode

For more detailed information, please ask representative of SOFAR to get a copy of passive mode communication protocol.



## 5. Auto Test (ONLY for Italian Market)

5.Auto Test OK 1.Autotest Fast 2.Autotest STD

#### Autote

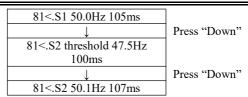
est Fast			
1. Autotest Fast	OK	Start Autotest	Press "Ok" to start
	•	Testing 59.S1	
		<b>↓</b>	Wait
		Test 59.S1 OK!	
		<u></u>	Wait
		Testing 59.S2	
		<u></u>	Wait
		Test 59.S2 OK!	
		<u></u>	Wait
		Testing 27.S1	
		<u></u>	Wait
		Test 27.S1 OK!	
		J	Wait
		Testing 27.S2	
		<b>—</b>	Wait
		Test 27.S2 OK!	
		<b>—</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Wait
		Testing 81>S1	
		T + 01+ 01+ 01+	Wait
		Test 81>S1 OK!	

- 43 -

↓	ME C ZOTTE CTT	
Testing 81>S2		Wait
Test 81>S2 OK!	Testing 81>S2	
Test 81>S2 OK!	l l	Wait
↓         Wait           Testing 81         Vait           Test 81         Wait           Testing 81         Wait           Testing 81         Wait           Test 81         Wait           Wait         Wait           Press "Down"           Press "Down"           Press "Down"           Press "Down"           Press "Down"           81>.S1 threshold 51.5Hz         Press "Down"           81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz         Press "Down"	Test 81>S2 OK1	, wait
Testing 81 <s1 td="" ↓="" ↓<=""><td>1est 61/32 OK:</td><td>W/-:4</td></s1>	1est 61/32 OK:	W/-:4
Test 81 <s1 "down"="" "ok"="" 1500ms="" 1508ms="" 195.5v="" 200ms="" 204ms="" 205ms="" 227v="" 228v="" 253v="" 264.5v="" 27.s1="" 27.s1:="" 27.s2:="" 59.s1="" 59.s2="" 59.s2:="" 79.s2:="" 81="" 81<s2="" 900ms="" 902ms="" auto="" ok!="" press="" test="" testing="" threshold="" wait="" ↓="">.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81&gt;.S1 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81&gt;.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81&gt;.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81&gt;.S2 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81&gt;.S2 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  Press "Down"</s1>	T .: 01 -C1	waii
Test 81 <s1 ok!<="" td=""><td>lesting 81<s1< td=""><td></td></s1<></td></s1>	lesting 81 <s1< td=""><td></td></s1<>	
↓	<u></u>	Wait
Testing 81 <s2 1500ms="" 1508ms="" 195.5v="" 200ms="" 205ms="" 227v="" 228v="" 253v="" 264.5v="" 27.s1="" 27.s1:="" 27.s2:="" 59.s1="" 59.s1:="" 59.s2="" 81="" 81<s2="" 900ms="" 902ms="" auto="" ok!="" test="" threshold="" →="" ↓="">.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81&gt;.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81&gt;.S2 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  ↓  Press "Down"  Press "Down"</s2>	Test 81 <s1 ok!<="" td=""><td></td></s1>	
↓	<u></u>	Wait
Test 81 <s2 ok!<="" td=""><td>Testing 81<s2< td=""><td></td></s2<></td></s2>	Testing 81 <s2< td=""><td></td></s2<>	
↓       Press "Ok"         Auto Test OK!       ↓         ↓       Press "Down"         59.S1 threshold 253 V 900ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         59.S2 threshold 264.5 V 200ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         27.S1 threshold 195.5 V 1500ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         27.S2 threshold 34.5 V 200ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         27.S2 threshold 34.5 V 200ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms       Press "Down"         & Nown"       Press "Down"         81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms       Press "Down"         & Nown"       Press "Down"         81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms       Press "Down"         & Nown"       Press "Down"         81       Press "Down"	<b>\</b>	Wait
↓       Press "Ok"         Auto Test OK!       ↓         ↓       Press "Down"         59.S1 threshold 253 V 900ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         59.S2 threshold 264.5 V 200ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         27.S1 threshold 195.5 V 1500ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         27.S2 threshold 34.5 V 200ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         27.S2 threshold 34.5 V 200ms       Press "Down"         ↓       Press "Down"         81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms       Press "Down"         & Nown"       Press "Down"         81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms       Press "Down"         & Nown"       Press "Down"         81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms       Press "Down"         & Nown"       Press "Down"         81       Press "Down"	Test 81 <s2 ok!<="" td=""><td></td></s2>	
Auto Test OK!		Press "Ok"
↓   Press "Down"	Auto Test OK!	11000 OK
59.S1 threshold 253 V 900ms	Auto Test OK:	Desag "Dayye"
↓	50 C1 41 1 11 252 V 000	riess Down
59.S1: 228V 902ms	59.81 threshold 253 V 900ms	
↓	<u></u>	Press "Down"
59.S2 threshold 264.5V 200ms	59.S1: 228V 902ms	
200ms  ↓ ↓	$\downarrow$	Press "Down"
↓ ↓ Press "Down"  59.S2: 229V 204ms ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  27.S1 threshold 195.5V 1500ms ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  27.S1: 228V 1508ms ↓ Press "Down"  27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms ↓ Press "Down"  27.S2: 227V 205ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down"  81<-S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	59.S2 threshold 264.5V	
59.S2: 229V 204ms  ↓  27.S1 threshold 195.5V  1500ms  ↓  27.S1: 228V 1508ms  ↓  27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms  ↓  27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz  100ms  ↓  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz  100ms  ↓  81>.S2 threshold 49.5Hz  100ms	200ms	
59.S2: 229V 204ms  ↓  27.S1 threshold 195.5V  1500ms  ↓  27.S1: 228V 1508ms  ↓  27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms  ↓  27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz  100ms  ↓  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz  100ms  ↓  81>.S2 threshold 49.5Hz  100ms		Press "Down"
↓	59 S2: 229V 204ms	
27.S1 threshold 195.5V	1	Press "Down"
1500ms  ↓ ↓  27.S1: 228V 1508ms  ↓ ↓  27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms  ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81<-S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	27 S1 threshold 105 5V	Tiess Down
↓ ↓		
27.S1: 228V 1508ms  ↓  27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms  ↓  27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms ↓  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	13001118	D
→	→ 27.51.220¥1.500	Press Down
27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms  ↓  27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms ↓  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms ↓  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms ↓  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  Press "Down"  Press "Down"  Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	27.S1: 228V 1508ms	
↓ Press "Down"  27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down"  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	<u></u>	Press "Down"
27.S2: 227V 205ms  ↓  81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms  ↓  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms  ↓  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  Press "Down"  Press "Down"  Press "Down"	27.S2 threshold 34.5V 200ms	
↓   Press "Down"	$\downarrow$	Press "Down"
81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz 100ms	27.S2: 227V 205ms	
100ms  ↓ ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	1	Press "Down"
↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down"  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	81>.S1 threshold 50.5Hz	
↓ Press "Down"  81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down"  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	100ms	
81>.S1 49.9Hz 103ms	I	Press "Down"
↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms  ↓ Press "Down"  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down"  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	91> S1 40 OHz 102ms	l i css Down
81>.S2 threshold 51.5Hz 100ms	61/.S1 49.9HZ 103HS	D "D "
100ms  ↓  81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms  ↓  81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  Press "Down"	01: 62:1 1 1151.51	Press "Down"
↓   Press "Down"		
81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms ↓ Press "Down" 81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	100ms	
\$1<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms  Press "Down"	<u></u>	Press "Down"
81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz 100ms	81>.S2 49.9Hz 107ms	
100ms	$\overline{\downarrow}$	Press "Down"
	81<.S1 threshold 49.5Hz	
	100ms	
Tress Bown		Press "Down"
	¥	1 20

- 44 -



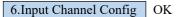


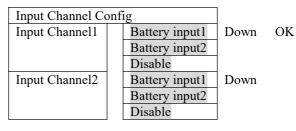
#### Autotest STD

2.Autotest STD Press OK to start

The test procedure is same as Autotest Fast, but it's much more time consuming.

6. Input Channel Config





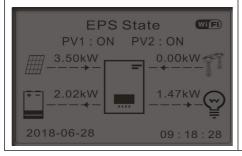
#### 7. EPS Mode

7.EPS Mode OK 1.EPS Mode Control OK 1.Enable EPS Mode

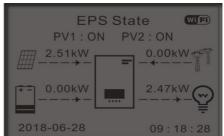
1.Enable EPS Mode

2.Disable EPS Mode

1) If PV generation > LOAD consumption ( $\Delta P$  > 100W), inverter will charge battery.

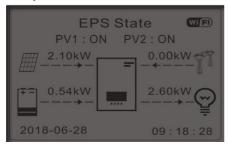


2) If PV generation = LOAD consumption, inverter wont' charge or discharge battery.

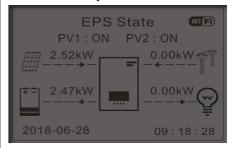




3) If PV generation < LOAD consumption ( $\Delta P > 100W$ ), inverter will discharge battery.



4) If PV generation is normal,but LOAD consumption=0, the surplus power will be stored in the battery.



8. Communication Addr

8.Communication Addr

OK

1.Communication Addr 2.Baud Rate

OK OK

OK

## 6.3.2 Advanced setting

2.Advanced setting

OK

**Input 0001** 

1. Battery Parameter

1.Battery Parameter

OK

Battery Parameter 1 OK
Battery Parameter 2 OK

A.Inner BMS

1.Battery Parameter

OK

1.Battery Type	5.Max Charge (A)
2.Battery Capacity	6.Max Discharge (A)
3.Nominol Bat Voltage	7.*Discharg Depth
4.Battery Cell Type	8.Save

OK

B.PYLON/SOFAR

	1.Battery Parameter OK		1.Battery Type	4.Max Discharge (A)	
,		•	2.Battery Address	5.Discharg Depth	
		3.Max Charge (A)	6.Save	OK	

#### **Depth of Discharge**

For example: if Discharge Depth = 50% & EPS Discharge Depth = 80%.

While grid is connected: Inverter won't discharge the battery when its SOC is less than 50%.

In case of blackout: Inverter will work in EPS mode (if EPS mode is enabled) & keep discharging the battery till battery SOC is less than 20%.

7.Depth of Discharge	OK	Discharge Depth
		50%
		EPS Discharge Depth
		80%
		EPS Restore Depth
		20%

#### 2. Battery Active

•				
2.Battery Active OK		Automatic activation	Enable	
		Automatic activation	Disable	
		Mandatory activation		ОК

This function provides different ways to activate the battery after battery dormancy. When the automatic activation switch-disable, when the input and output meet the conditions for battery activation, the inverter will not automatically activate the battery, it is necessary to set the mandatory activation LCD to enable the inverter to activate the battery. When the automatic activation switch-enabling, the inverter can automatically activate the battery when the input and output meet the conditions for battery activation. When manual click settings force activation, the inverter forces the activation of dormant batteries.

#### 3. Anti Reflux

The user can enable "Anti Reflux Control" to limit the max export power to grid.Reflux Power set is desired max export power to grid. Refer to 546.5 for connection of the system when using Anti Reflux function.

,		8		
3.Anti Reflux	OK	1.Anti Reflux Control	OV	Enable
		1.Anti Kenux Control	OK	Disable
		2.Reflux Power	OK	***KW

## 4. Logic interface Control



Enable or disable logical interfaces. Please refer to this manual 4.6.2, inverter logic interface connection for details.

4.Logic interface Control OK Enable OK
Disable OK

5. Factory Reset

5.Factory Reset OK 1.Clear Energy Data OK 2.Clear Events OK

Clean the inverter of the total power generation.

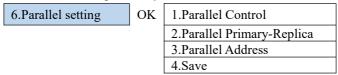
1.Clear Energy Data OK Input password OK Input 0001

Clean up the historical events recorded in the inverter.

2...Clear Events OK Clear Events? OK

#### 6. Parallel setting

Please refer to <4.6.4 Link Port 0&1-Cascade communication interface> for the connection method of the parallel system.



- 1. Parallel Control: Enable or disable parallel functions. Both the master and the slave must enable this function.
- 2. Parallel Primary-Replica: Set up the Primary and Replica. Select one inverter as the Primary and set the others to Replica.
- 3. Parallel Address: Set the parallel address. Each inverter needs to set a parallel address, and the parallel address in a parallel system cannot be repeated.

(NOTE:The parallel address is different from the communication address used for monitoring.)

4. Save: Save after the setup is complete.

7. Bluetooth Reset

7.Bluetooth Reset OK Please confirm! OK Success

#### 8. CT Calibration

To calibrate the direction and phase of the CT, the battery should be charged or discharged when using this function.

8.CT Calibration OK Calibrating Sucess/Fault



Check if the battery is charging or discharging when calibration fails.

#### 9. Switch On Off

9.Switch On Off	OK	Switch On	OK
	•	Switch Off	OK

Function: the inverter can be controlled by the inverter switch machine through this menu, so that the inverter can be shut down, the inverter can stop working and turn into standby state, and the inverter can be to normal output working state. This function can effectively and safely control the inverter switch machine and facilitate installation and maintenance.

## 6.3.3 Energy Statistic

3.Energy Statistic	OK	Today
		Load***KWH
		Export***KWH
		Import***KWH
		Charge***KWH
		Discharge***KWH
	Down↓	Month
		Load***KWH
		Export***KWH
		Import***KWH
		Charge***KWH
		Discharge***KWH
	Down↓	Year
		Load***KWH
		Export***KWH
		Import***KWH
		Charge***KWH Discharge***KWH
		Discharge***KWH
	Down↓	Lifetime
		Load***KWH
		Export***KWH
		Import***KWH Charge***KWH Discharge ***KWH
		Charge***KWH
		Discharge***KWH



## **6.3.4 System information**

4.System information	OK	1.Inverter Info
		2.Battery Info
		3.Safety Param.

1.Inverter Info	OK	Inverter Info (1)
		Product SN
		Software Version
		Main DSP Software Version
		Slave DSP Software Version
	Down↓	Inverter Info (2)
		Hardware Version
		Power Level
		Country
	Down↓	Inverter Info (3)
		Input Channel1
		Input Channel2
	Down↓	Inverter Info (4)
		Energy Storage Mode
		RS485 Address
		EPS Mode
	Down↓	Inverter Info (5)
	·	Logic Interface Control
		PF Time Setting
		QV Time Setting
		Power Factor
	Down↓	Inverter Info (6)
	·	Anti Reflux
		Insulation resistance
2.Battery Info	OK	Battery1/2 info(1)
		Battery Type
		Battery Capacity
		Over (V) Protection
		Discharge Depth
	Down↓	Inverter1/2 Info (2)
		Max Charge (A)
		Max Charge (V)
		Max Discharge (A)
		Min Discharge (V)
	Down↓	Inverter1/2 Info (3)
	•	`



		Low(V)Protection
		Nominal Bat Voltage
3.Safety Param.	OK	Safety Param.(1)
		OVP 1
		OVP 2
		UVP 1
		UVP 2
	Down↓	Safety Param. (2)
		OFP 1
		OFP 2
		UFP 1
		UFP 2
	Down↓	Safety Param. (3)
		OVP 10mins

## 6.3.5 Event List

Event List is used to display the real-time event records, including the total number of events and each specific ID No. and happening time. User can enter Event List interface through main interface to check details of real-time event records, Event will be listed by the happening time, and recent events will be listed in the front.

5.Event	OK	1.Current Event List	OK	ID042	IsoFault
List		2.History Event List			
2.History	ОК	1.ID001 2020-4-3 14:11:45	OK	1.ID001	GridOVP
Event List		2.ID005 2020-4-3 11:26:38		2.ID005	GFCI

## 6.3.6 Software Update

ME 5-20KTL-3PH inverters offer software upgrade via usb flash drive to maximize inverter performance and avoid inverter operation error caused by software bugs.

Step 1 Insert the usb flash drive into the compute.

**Step 2** SOFAR SOLAR will send the Software code to the user who needs to update. After user receive the file, please decompressing file and cover the original file in usb flash drive.



- Step 4 Insert the usb flash drive into the USB/Wifi interface.
- Step 5 Then turn on DC switch.

## Step 6

6.Software Update	OK	Input password	OK Input 0715
			Start Update
			Updating DSP1
			Updating DSP2
			Updating ARM

**Step 7** If the following errors occur, please upgrade again. If this continues many times, contact technical support for help.

USB Fault	MDSP File Error	SDSP File Error
ARM File Error	Update DSP1 Fail	Update DSP2 Fail
Update ARM Fail		

**Step 8** After the update is completed, turn off the DC breaker, wait for the LCD screen extinguish, then restore the WiFi connection and then turn on the DC breaker and AC breaker again, the inverter will enters the running state. User can check the current software version in Systemlnfo>>SoftVersion.



# 7. Troubleshooting

This section contains information and procedures for solving possible problems with the inverter.

- This section help users to identify the inverter fault. Please read the following procedures carefully:
- ♦ Check the warning, fault messages or fault codes shown on the inverter screen, record all the fault information.
- ❖ If there is no fault information shown on the screen, check whether the following requirements are met:
  - Is the inverter mounted in a clean, dry place with good ventilation?
  - Is the DC switch turned ON?
  - Are the cables adequately sized and short enough?
  - Are the input and output connections and wiring in good condition?
  - Are the configuration settings correct for the particular installation?
- Are the display panel and the communication cables properly connected and undamaged?

If the inverter needs to be shut down for electrical inspection, please follow the following steps:

- Press the "Back" on the main interface to enter the main menu page, and select Advanced Settings - On/off machine control - Shutdown. Make the inverter shut down safely.
  - Note: after using the menu setting to shut down the inverter, the inverter should be checked and reenergizing, it still needs to be on the main menu page. Select advanced Settings switch machine control start up to enable the inverter to start up and run.
- 2. Disconnect the AC circuit breaker connecting the inverter power grid port to the power grid.
- 3. Disconnect the AC breaker connecting the inverter load port to the emergency load.



- 4. Turn off the battery and disconnect the DC switch between the battery and the inverter.
- 5. Wait for 5 minutes before checking the inverter.
- Follow the steps below to view recorded problems: Press "Back" to enter the main menu in the normal interface. In the interface screen select "Event List", then press "OK" to enter events.

#### > Earth Fault Alarm

This inverter complies with IEC 62109-2 clause 13.9 for earth fault alarm monitoring.

If an Earth Fault Alarm occurs, the fault will be displayed on the LCD screen, the red light will be on, and the fault can be found in the history of the fault. For the machine installed with WiFi/GPRS, the alarm information can be seen on the corresponding monitoring website, and can also be received by the APP on the mobile phone.

#### > EventList information

Table 7-1 Eventlist

Code	Name	Description	Solution
ID001	Grid OVP	The grid voltage is too high	If the alarm occurs occasionally, the possible cause is that the electric grid is
ID002	Grid UVP	The grid voltage is too low	abnormal occasionally. Inverter will automatically return to normal operating
ID003	Grid OFP	The grid frequency is too high	status when the electric grid's back to normal.
ID004	Grid UFP	The grid frequency is too low	If the alarm occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage/frequency is within the acceptable range. If yes, please check the AC circuit breaker and AC wiring of the inverter.  If the grid voltage/frequency is NOT within the acceptable range and AC wiring is correct, but the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact technical support to change the grid over-voltage, under-voltage, over-frequency, under-frequency protection points after obtaining approval from the local electrical grid operator.
ID005	GFCI	Charge Leakage Fault	Check for inverter and wiring.
ID006	OVRT fault	OVRT function is faulty	If the alarm occurs occasionally, the possible cause is that the electric grid is abnormal occasionally. Inverter will



ID007	LVRT fault	LVRT function is faulty	automatically return to normal operating status when the electric grid's back to normal.
ID008	Island Fault	Island protection error	If the alarm occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage/frequency is within the acceptable range. If yes, please check
ID009	GridOVPInstant1	Transient overvoltage of grid voltage 1	the AC circuit breaker and AC wiring of the inverter.  If the grid voltage/frequency is NOT within the acceptable range and AC wiring is
ID010	GridOVPInstant2	Transient overvoltage of grid voltage 2	correct, but the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact technical support to change the grid over-voltage, under-voltage,
ID011	VGrid Line Fault	Power grid line voltage error	over-frequency, under-frequency protection points after obtaining approval from the local electrical grid operator.
ID012	InvVoltFault	Inverter voltage error	
ID013	RefluxFault	Anti-Reflux function is faulty	
ID017	HwADFaultIGrid	Power grid current sampling error	
ID018	HwADFaultDCI	Wrong sampling of dc component of grid current	
ID019	HwADFaultVGri d(DC)	Power grid voltage sampling error (DC)	
ID020	HwADFaultVGri d(AC)	Power grid voltage sampling error (AC)	
ID021	GFCIDeviceFault (DC)	Leakage current sampling error(DC)	
ID022	GFCIDeviceFault (AC)	Leakage current sampling error(AC)	Internal faults of inverter, switch OFF inverter, wait for 5 minutes, then switch ON
ID023	HwADFaultDCV	Error in dc component sampling of load voltage	inverter. Check whether the problem is solved.  If no, please contact technical support.
ID024	HwADFaultIdc	Dc input current sampling error	
ID025	HwADErrDCI(D C)	\	
ID026	HwADErrIdcBra nch	\	
ID029	ConsistentFault_ GFCI	Leakage current consistency error	
ID030	ConsistentFault_ Vgrid	Grid voltage consistency error	
ID031	ConsistentDCI	DCI consistency error	
ID033	SpiCommFault(D C)	SPI communication error (DC)	



ID034	SpiCommFault(A	SPI communication	
ID035	C) SChip Fault	error (AC) Chip error (DC)	
ID035	MChip Fault	Chip error (AC)	
ID037	HwAuxPowerFau It	Auxiliary power error	
ID038	InvSoftStartFail	Inverter failed to output	
ID041	Relay Fail	Relay detection failure	
ID042	Iso Fault	Low insulation impedance	Check the insulation resistance between the photovoltaic array and ground (ground), if there is a short circuit, the fault should be repaired in time.
ID043	PEConnectFault	Ground fault	Check ac output PE wire for grounding.
ID044	ConfigError	Error setting input mode	Check the input mode (parallel/independent mode) Settings for the inverter. If not, change the input mode.
ID045	CTDisconnect	CT error	Check whether the CT wiring is correct.
ID046	ReversalConnect	The battery is connected reversedly	Check whether the battery wiring is correct.
ID047	ParallelFault	Master does not exist or is duplicate	Check the parallel mode settings for the inverter. Check whether the wiring is correct.
ID048	SNTypeFault	Serial number fault	Internal faults of inverter, switch OFF inverter, wait for 5 minutes, then switch ON inverter. Check whether the problem is solved.  If no, please contact technical support.
ID049	TempFault_Bat	Battery temperature protection	For Inner BMS battery, make sure that the battery NTC cable is properly connected.
ID050	TempFault_Heat Sink1	Radiator 1 temperature protection	Make sure the inverter is installed where there is no direct sunlight.
ID057	TempFault_Env1	Ambient temperature 1 protection	Please ensure that the inverter is installed in a cool/well ventilated place.
ID059	TempFault_Inv1	Module 1 temperature protection	Ensure the inverter is installed vertically and the ambient temperature is below the inverter temper ature limit.
ID065	VbusRmsUnbala nce	Unbalanced bus voltage RMS	T. 16 16 6: 4 3:1 OFF
ID066	VbusInstantUnba lance	The transient value of bus voltage is unbalanced	Internal faults of inverter, switch OFF inverter, wait for 5 minutes, then switch ON inverter. Check whether the problem is solved.
ID067	BusUVP	Busbar undervoltage during grid-connection	If no, please contact technical support.
ID068	BusZVP	Bus voltage low	
ID070	BatOVP	Battery over-voltage	Check whether the battery overvoltage setting is inconsistent with the battery specification.
ID072	SwBusRmsOVP	Inverter bus voltage	



		RMS software	
		overvoltage	
		Inverter bus voltage	
ID073	SwBusInstantOV	instantaneous value	
15075	P	software overvoltage	
		Battery overcurrent	
ID081	SwBatOCP	software protection	
		Dei overeurrent	
ID082	DciOCP		
		protection	
ID083	SwOCPInstant	Output instantaneous	
		current protection	
ID085	SwAcRmsOCP	Output effective value	
		current protection	
ID088	IacUnbalance	Unbalanced output	
12000		current	
ID090	IbalanceOCP	Inverter bus balance	
10000	Toulunecoci	current protection	
ID098	HwBusOVP	Inverter bus hardware	
110000	11wbusOv1	overvoltage	
ID100	IID-+OCD	Battery hardware	
ID100	HwBatOCP	overflows	
TD 102	II. ACOCD	Ac output hardware	
ID103	HWACOCP	overflows	
TD 105	M · C F I	Meters communication	
ID105	MeterCommFault	fault	Check whether the meters wiring is correct.
ID110	Overload1	Overload protection 1	
ID111	Overload2	Overload protection 2	Please check whether the inverter is
ID112	Overload3	Overload protection 3	operating under overload.
10112	Overloads	Overload protection 3	Make sure the inverter is installed where there is no direct sunlight.
ID113	OverTempDerati ng	Internal temperature is too high.	Please ensure that the inverter is installed in a cool/well ventilated place. Ensure the inverter is installed vertically and the ambient temperature is below the inverter temperature limit.
ID114	FreqDerating	AC frequency is too high	
ID115	FreqLoading	AC frequency is too low	Please make sure the grid frequency and
ID116	VoltDerating	AC voltage is too	voltage is within the acceptable range.
ID117	VoltLoading	AC voltage is too low	
	BatLowVoltageA	Battery low voltage	
ID124	larm	protection	Please check whether the battery voltage of
	BatLowVoltageS	Battery low voltage	the inverter is too low.
ID125	hut	shutdown	
	unrecoverHwAc	Output hardware	Internal faults of inverter, switch OFF
ID129	OCP	overcurrent permanent	inverter, wait for 5 minutes, then switch ON



		failure	inverter. Check whether the problem is
ID130	unrecoverBusOV	Permanent Bus	solved.
1D130	P	overvoltage failure	If no, please contact technical support.
	II D	Permanent Bus	
ID131	unrecoverHwBus	hardware overvoltage	
	OVP	failure	
TD 122	unrecoverIpvUnb	PV uneven flow	
ID132	alance	permanent failure	
	unrecoverEPSBat	Permanent battery	
ID133	OCP	overcurrent failure in	
	OCI	EPS mode	
	unrecoverAcOCP	Output transient	
ID134	Instant	overcurrent permanent	
	Ilistant	failure	
	unrecoverIacUnb	Permanent failure of	
ID135	alance	unbalanced output	
	alance	current	
ID137	unrecoverPvConf	Input mode setting error	Charle the DV input made
10157	igError	permanent failure	Check the PV input mode  (parallel/independent mode) Settings for the
ID138	unrecoverPVOCP	Input overcurrent	inverter. If not, change the PV input mode.
115150	Instant	permanent fault	inverter. If not, change the 1 v input mode.
	unrecoverHwPV	Input hardware	
ID139	OCP	overcurrent permanent	
		failure	Internal faults of inverter, switch OFF
ID140	unrecoverRelayF ail	Permanent relay failure	inverter, wait for 5 minutes, then switch ON inverter. Check whether the problem is
ID141	unrecoverVbusU	Bus voltage unbalanced	solved.
11/141	nbalance	permanent failure	If no, please contact technical support.
ID143	PermSpdFail(AC )	Grid surge protection	
ID145	USBFault	USB fault	Check the USB port of the inverter
ID146	WifiFault	Wifi fault	Check the Wifi port of the inverter
ID147	BluetoothFault	Bluetooth fault	Check the bluetooth connection of the inverter
ID148	RTCFault	RTC clock failure	
TD 1.46	CommEEPROM	Communication board	
ID149	Fault	EEPROM error	
ID150	E11-E 14	Communication board	
ID150	FlashFault	FLASH error	Internal finite of impact
		The software version is	Internal faults of inverter, switch OFF inverter, wait for 5 minutes, then switch ON
ID152	SafetyVerFault	inconsistent with the	
		safety version	inverter. Check whether the problem is solved.
ID153	SciCommLose(D	SCI communication	If no, please contact technical support.
כנוטו	C)	error (DC)	n no, picase contact tecninear support.
ID154	SciCommLose(A	SCI communication	
10134	C)	error (AC)	
ID155	SciCommLose(F	SCI communication	
10133	use)	error (Fuse)	



ID156	SoftVerError	Inconsistent software versions	Contact for technical support and software upgrades.
ID157	BMS1Communic atonFault	Communication failure of lithium battery	
ID158	BMS2Communic atonFault	Communication failure of lithium battery	Make sure your battery is compatible with the inverter.
ID159	BMS3Communic atonFault	Communication failure of lithium battery	CAN communication is recommended.  Check the communication line or port of the battery and inverter for faults.
ID160	BMS4Communic atonFault	Communication failure of lithium battery	
ID161	ForceShutdown	Force shutdown	The inverter is performed a forced shutdown
ID162	RemoteShutdown	Remote shutdown	The inverter is performed a remote shutdown.
ID163	Drms0Shutdown	Drms0 shutdown	The inverter is performed with a Drms0 shutdown.
ID165	RemoteDerating	Remote derating	The inverter is performed for remote load reduction.
ID166	LogicInterfaceDe rating	Logic interface derating	The inverter is loaded by the execution logic interface.
ID167	AlarmAntiReflux ing	Anti refluxderating	The inverter is implemented to prevent countercurrent load drop.
ID169	FanFault1	Fan 1 fault	Please check whether the fan 1 of inverter is running normally.
ID170	FanFault2	Fan 2fault	Please check whether the fan 2 of inverter is running normally.
ID171	FanFault3	Fan 3 fault	Please check whether the fan 3 of inverter is running normally.
ID176	MeterCommLose	Meters communication fault	Check whether the meters wiring is correct.
ID177	BMS OVP	BMS over-voltage alarm	
ID178	BMS UVP	BMS under-voltage alarm	Yesternal Callery of 1/41 in the state of th
ID179	BMS OTP	BMS high temperature warning	Internal failure of lithium battery, close inverter and lithium battery, and wait 5 minutes to open inverter and lithium battery.
ID180	BMS UTP	BMS low temperature alarm	Check that the problem is resolved. If not, please contact technical support.
ID181	BMS OCP	Warning of overload in charge and discharge of BMS	picase contact technical support.
ID182	BMS Short	BMS short circuit alarm	
ID183	BMS VerFault	BMS version fault	
ID184	BMS CAN VerFault	BMS CAN version fault	Please contact technical support.
ID185	BMS CAN VerLow	BMS CAN version is out of date	



#### Maintenance

Inverters generally do not need any daily or routine maintenance. Heat sink should not be blocked by dust, dirt or any other items. Before the cleaning, make sure that the DC SWITCH is turned OFF and the circuit breaker between inverter and electrical grid is turned OFF. Wait at least for 5 minutes before the Cleaning.

### **♦** Inverter cleaning

Please clean the inverter with an air blower, a dry & soft cloth or a soft bristle brush. Do NOT clean the inverter with water, corrosive chemicals, detergent, etc.

#### ♦ Heat sink cleaning

For the long-term proper operation of inverters, ensure there is enough space around the heat sink for ventilation, check the heat sink for blockage (dust, snow, etc.) and clean them if they exist. Please clean the heat sink with an air blower, a dry & soft cloth or a soft bristle brush. Do NOT clean the heat sink with water, corrosive chemicals, detergent, etc.



## 8. Technical Data

**Battery Parameters** 

Datasheet	ME 5KTL- 3PH	ME 6KTL- 3PH	ME 8KTL- 3PH	ME 10KTL -3PH	ME 15KTL -3PH	ME 20KTL -3PH
Battery type	Li-lon& Lead-acid					
No. of battery input		1		2		
Battery voltage range		180V-800V				
Battery voltage range for full load(V)	200-800	240-800	320-800	200-800	300-800	400-800
Nominal. charging/dischargin g power(W)	5000	6000	8000	10000	15000	20000
Max. charging/dischargin g current	25A			50A(25A/25A)		
Peak charging/dischargin g current, Duration	40A, 60s			70A(35A/35A), 60s		
Charging strategy	Self-adaption BMS					
Communication interfaces	CAN(RS485)					



AC Output Data (ON-Grid)

AC Output Data	(011 0	,				
Datasheet	ME 5KTL- 3PH	ME 6KTL- 3PH	ME 8KTL- 3PH	ME 10KTL -3PH	ME 15KTL -3PH	ME 20KTL -3PH
Nominal AC power(W)	5000	6000	8000	10000	15000	20000
Max. AC power output to utility grid(VA)	5500	6600	8800	11000	16500	22000
Max. AC power from utility grid(VA)	10000	12000	16000	20000	30000	40000
Max. AC current output to utility grid	8A	10A	13A	16A	24A	32A
Max. AC Current from utility grid	15A	17A	24A	29A	44A	58A
Nominal grid voltage	3/N/PE, 220/380Vac, 230/400Vac					
Grid voltage range			184Vac	~276Vac		
Nominal grid frequency	50Hz/60Hz					
Grid freqency range	45Hz~55Hz/55Hz~65Hz					
Output power factor	1(0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)					
Output THDi (@Nominal output)	<3%					



AC Output Data (Off-Grid)

AC Output Data	( 0 22 02	, ,	1			
Datasheet	ME 5KTL- 3PH	ME 6KTL- 3PH	ME 8KTL- 3PH	ME 10KTL -3PH	ME 15KTL -3PH	ME 20KTL -3PH
Nominal output power(W)	5000	6000	8000	10000	15000	20000
Max. output power(VA)	5500	6600	8800	11000	16500	22000
Peak output power, Duration	10000V A,60s	12000V A,60s	16000V A,60s	20000V A,60s	22000V A,60s	22000V A,60s
Max. output current	8A	10A	13A	16A	24A	32A
Peak output current, Duration	15A,60s	18A,60s	24A,60s	30A,60s	32A,60s	32A,60s
Nominal output voltage	3/N/PE, 220/380Vac, 230/400Vac					
Nominal output frequency	50/60Hz					
Output THDv (@Liner load)	<3%					
Switch time	<20ms					



**Efficiency And Protection** 

Datasheet	ME 5KTL- 3PH	ME 6KTL- 3PH	ME 8KTL- 3PH	ME 10KTL -3PH	ME 15KTL -3PH	ME 20KTL -3PH
Max. discharge efficiency	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%	97.8%	97.8%	97.8%
Max. charge efficiency	97.6%	97.6%	97.6%	97.8%	97.8%	97.8%
Battery reverse protection	Yes					
Output over current protection	Yes					
Output over voltage protection	Yes					
Anti-islanding protection	Yes					
Residual current detection	Yes					
Insulation resistor detection	Yes					
Surge protection level	AC:Type II,DC:Type III					



## **General Data**

General Data							
Datasheet	ME 5KTL- 3PH	ME 6KTL- 3PH	ME 8KTL- 3PH	ME 10KTL -3PH	ME 15KTL -3PH	ME 20KTL -3PH	
Dimension	571.4mm*515mm*264.1mm						
Weight		30kg 34kg					
Inverter topology		Transformerless					
Standby self consumption		<15W					
Operating temperature range	-30℃~60℃						
Relative humidity	0~100%						
Noise	<45dB						
Operating altitude	<4000m						
Cooling	Natural Forced airflow						
Protection degree	IP65						



## **Feature And Standard**

Datasheet	ME 5KTL- 3PH	ME 6KTL- 3PH	ME 8KTL- 3PH	ME 10KTL -3PH	ME 15KTL -3PH	ME 20KTL -3PH	
DC terminal	MC4						
Grid AC terminal		5P Connector					
Back-up AC terminal		5P Connector					
Display		LCD Display					
Monitoring interfaces	Bluetooth / RS485 / WIFI / GPRS (optional)						
Parallel operation	Yes						
Standard warranty	Standard 5/7/10 (Australia) years						
	AS/NZS 4777, VDE V 0124-100, V0126-1-1, VDE-AR-N 4105,						
Grid	CEI 0-21/CEI 0-16, EN50438/EN50549, G83/G59/G98/G99,						
	UTE C15-712-1, UNE206 007-1						
Safety	IEC62109-1, IEC62109-2, NB-T32004/IEC62040-1						
EMC	EN61000-1, EN61000-2, EN61000-3, EN61000-4,						
EIVIC	EN61000-4-16, EN61000-4-18, EN61000-4-29						



# 9. Quality Assurance

## Standard warranty period

The standard warranty period of inverter is 60 months (5 years). There are two calculation methods for the warranty period:

- 1. Purchase invoice provided by the customer: the first flight provides a standard warranty period of 60 months (5 years) from the invoice date;
- 2. The customer fails to provide the invoice: from the production date (according to the SN number of the machine), Our company provides a warranty period of 63 months (5.25 years).
- 3. In case of any special warranty agreement, the purchase agreement shall prevail.

## **Extended warranty period**

Within 12 months of the purchase of the inverter (based on the purchase invoice) or within 24 months of the production of the inverter(SN number of machine, based on the first date of arrival), Customers can apply to buy extended warranty products from the company's sales team by providing the product serial number, Our company may refuse to do not conform to the time limit extended warranty purchase application. Customers can buy an extended warranty of 5, 10, 15 years.

If the customer wants to apply for the extended warranty service, please contact the sales team of our company. to purchase the products that are beyond the purchase period of extended warranty but have not yet passed the standard quality warranty period. Customers shall bear different extended premium.

During the extended warranty period, pv components GPRS, WIFI and lightning protection devices are not included in the extended warranty period. If they fail during the extended warranty period, customers need to purchase and replace them from our company.

Once the extended warranty service is purchased, our company will issue the extended warranty card to the customer to confirm the extended warranty period.

## **Invalid warranty clause**

Equipment failure caused by the following reasons is not covered by the warranty:

1) The "warranty card" has not been sent to the distributor or our company;



- 2) Without the consent of our company to change equipment or replace parts;
- 3) Use unqualified materials to support our company's products, resulting in product failure;
- 4) Technicians of non-company modify or attempt to repair and erase the product serial number or silk screen;
  - 5) Incorrect installation, debugging and use methods;
  - 6) Failure to comply with safety regulations (certification standards, etc.);
  - 7) Damage caused by improper storage by dealers or end users;
- 8) Transportation damage (including scratches caused by internal packaging during transportation). Please claim directly from the transportation company or insurance company as soon as possible and obtain damage identification such as container/package unloading;
- 9) Failure to follow the product user manual, installation manual and maintenance guidelines;
  - 10) Improper use or misuse of the device;
  - 11) Poor ventilation of the device;
  - 12) The product maintenance process does not follow relevant standards;
- 13) Failure or damage caused by natural disasters or other force majeure (such as earthquake, lightning strike, aware fire, etc.)

#### Statement

If you have purchased this product in Australia, you should be aware that this warranty is provided in addition to other rights and remedies held by a consumer at law.

Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.





Product Name: Energy storage inverter
Company Name: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd.
ADD: 401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community,
XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, GuangDong.P.R. China
Email: service@sofarsolar.com

Tel: 0510-6690 2300 Web: www.sofarsolar.com