

Maximum Power Point Tracking ML Serial

ML4830/ML4830-LI—ML2440/ML2440-LI

Solar Charge and Discharge Controller User Manual



| Model | ML4830 ML4830-LI | ML2440 ML2440-LI |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Battery Voltage | 12V/24V/36V/48V | 12V/24V |
| Max Solar Input Voltage | 150V | 150V |
| Charging Current | 30A | 40A |
| Discharging Current | 20A | 20A |

Note: ML4830-LI and ML2440-LI can be used for lithium battery charging and discharging management.

Dear user:

Thank you for choosing our product !

Safety Instructions

1. Since the adaptable voltage of the solar charge controller exceeds human safety voltage, you are advised to read instructions before operation and operate the solar charge controller after completing safe operation training.

2. There are no parts that need maintaining or repairing inside the solar charge controller. Users shall not disassemble or repair the controller by themselves.


3. Please install the solar charge controller indoors, avoid exposure of components, and prevent water from entering the controller.

4. Please install the solar charge controller in a well-ventilated place, for the temperature of the cooling fin can be very high during operation.

5. You are recommended to install appropriate insurance or circuit breaker outside the solar charge controller.

6. Before installing or adjusting the connecting wire of the solar charge controller, make sure that the photovoltaic array wire and insurance or circuit breaker near battery terminal are disconnected.

→ 7. After installation, check whether all line connections are solid. Bad connections may cause hazards due to heat accumulation.

 **Warning: indicates risky operation. Security preparation is required before operation.**

 **Note: indicates destructive operation.**

 **Tip: indicates advice and tips for the operator.**

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1. Product Introduction

1.1 Product Overview and Features

The solar charge controller can monitor generated power of solar panels in real time and track the highest voltage current value (VI), enabling the system to charge the battery with maximum power output. Applied to solar off-grid photovoltaic systems, the product coordinates the functions of solar panels, batteries and loads; and is the core control unit of off-grid photovoltaic systems.

The controller uses liquid crystal for the dynamic display of operation status, operating parameters, controller logs, historical parameters, and control parameters. Users can check all parameters through buttons, and modify control parameters according to actual needs so that different system requirements are met.

The controller adopts standard Modbus communication protocol, making it easy for users to view and modify system parameters **by themselves**. We provide free monitoring software, which delivers the greatest possible convenience for users to satisfy different needs of remote monitoring.

The inside of the solar charge controller is equipped with comprehensive electronic fault self-detecting function and powerful electronic protection function, therefore avoiding damage to **product** components resulting from installation errors and system faults to the greatest

extent.

Product features:

- ◆Advanced double-peak or multiple-peak tracking technology. When the panel has a shadow block or a part of the panel is damaged, I-V curve shows multiple peaks. The solar charge controller can still accurately track the maximum power point.

- ◆Built-in algorithm for maximum power tracking. This significantly raises energy utilization efficiency of photovoltaic systems, with charging efficiency 15% ~ 20% higher than traditional PWM solar charge controllers.

- ◆Combination of multiple tracking algorithms that can track the optimum working point of I-V curve accurately in a very short period of time.

- ◆MPPT tracking efficiency can be as high as 99.9%.

- ◆Advanced digital power technology, with circuit energy conversion efficiency as high as 98%.

- ◆Supporting charging procedures of gel batteries, sealed batteries, open batteries, lithium batteries and other types of batteries. ①

- ◆Current-limiting charging mode. When the power of a solar panel is too large, and the charging current is greater than rated current, the solar charge controller automatically reduces charging power, thereby making the solar panel work at rated charging current.

- ◆Supporting the start of capacitive load instantaneous large current.

- ◆Supporting automatic identification of battery voltage.

- ◆LED indicator of malfunction, buzzer alarm, and liquid crystal display of abnormal information. This helps users identify system failures.

- ◆Supporting historical data storage for up to 5 years.

- ◆LCD screen display function. The display enables users to view equipment operation data and status, and modify controller parameters at the same time.

- ◆Supporting standard Modbus protocol that meets communication needs on different occasions.

- ◆Built-in mechanism of over-temperature protection. When the temperature exceeds the preset value, the charging current falls linearly with temperature, therefore slowing down the rise of controller temperature and avoiding controller damage from high temperature.

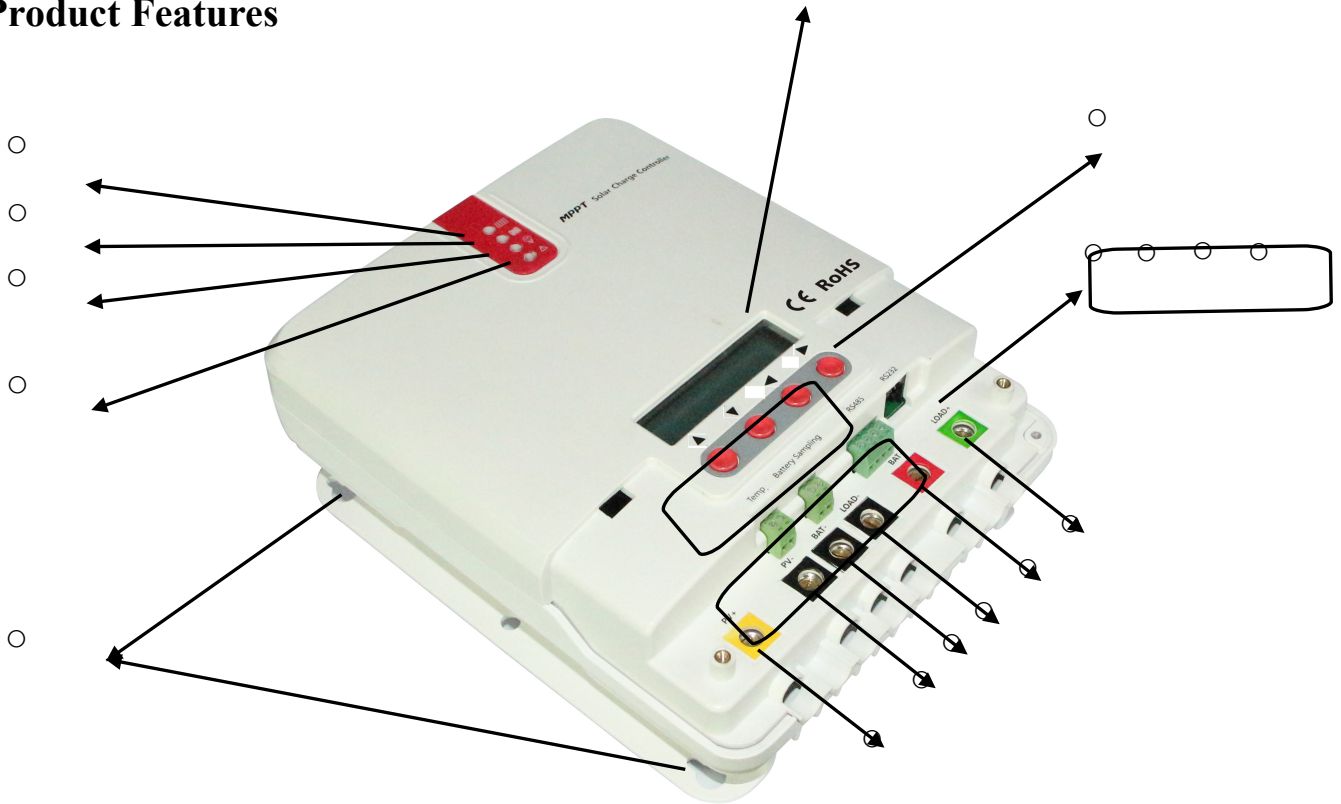
- ◆External battery voltage sampling function. This function prevents line loss from affecting external battery voltage sampling and ensures greater preciseness of control parameters.

- ◆Temperature compensation functions. Charging and discharging parameters are automatically adjusted, thereby extending battery service life.

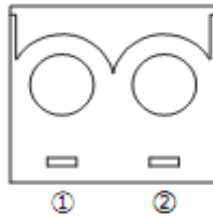
- ◆*TVS lightning protection*

Note①: Only the ML-LI model supports lithium battery charging and discharging function.

1.2 Product Features

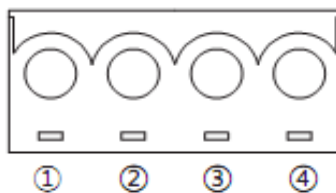


15 Battery Sampling



| ITEM | DEFINITION |
|------|------------|
| ① | - |
| ② | + |

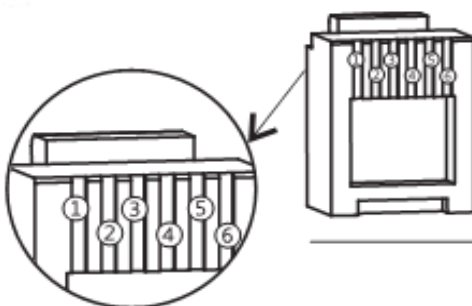
16 RS485



| ITEM | DEFINITION |
|------|------------|
| ① | 3.3V |
| ② | GND |
| ③ | D- |
| ④ | D+ |

17 Controller Communication Port RJ12 (6 Pins)

RS232



| ITEM | DEFINITION |
|------|-------------------------------|
| ① | Transmit Terminal TX |
| ② | Receive Terminal RX |
| ③ | Power Source GND / Signal GND |
| ④ | Power Source GND / Signal GND |
| ⑤ | Power Source + |
| ⑥ | Power Source + |

Figure 1-1 Solar Charge Controller Appearance and Interface

| No. | Name | No. | Name |
|-----|---------------------------|-----|---|
| ○ | Charging Indicator | ○ | Battery “-” Interface |
| ○ | Battery Indicator | ○ | Load “-” Interface |
| ○ | Load Indicator | ○ | Battery “+” Interface |
| ○ | Abnormality Indicator | ○ | Load “+” Interface |
| ○ | Liquid Crystal Display | ○ | External Temperature Sampling Interface |
| ○ | Operation Button | ○ | External Battery Voltage Sampling Interface |
| ○ | Mounting Hole | ○ | RS485 Communication Interface |
| ○ | Solar Panel “+” Interface | ○ | RS232 Communication Interface |
| ○ | Solar Panel “-” Interface | | |

1.3 Introduction of the Maximum Power Point Tracking Technology

The Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT) system is an advanced charging technology that enables solar panels to output more power by adjusting the working state of electrical modules. Due to the nonlinearity of a solar array, there is a maximum energy output point (maximum power point) on the curve of the array. Traditional solar charge controllers (switch charging technology and PWM charging technology) cannot charge batteries at this point, thus unable to obtain the maximum energy of solar panels. However, the solar energy charge controller equipped with the MPPT control technology can track the maximum power point of a solar array at any time in order to gain maximum energy for battery charging.

Take the 12V system for example. The peak voltage of solar panels (V_{pp}) is around 17V and battery voltage is about 12V. Generally, when the solar charge controller is charging a battery, the voltage of solar panel is maintained at about 12V, indicating that the maximum power is not used. MPPT solar charge controllers provide a solution to that problem by constantly adjusting the input voltage and current of solar panels, therefore maximizing input power.

Compared with conventional PWM solar charge controllers, MPPT solar charge controllers bring out the maximum power of solar panels and provide greater charging current. Generally speaking, MPPT solar charge controllers can improve energy utilization rate by 15% ~ 20% over PWM solar charge controllers.

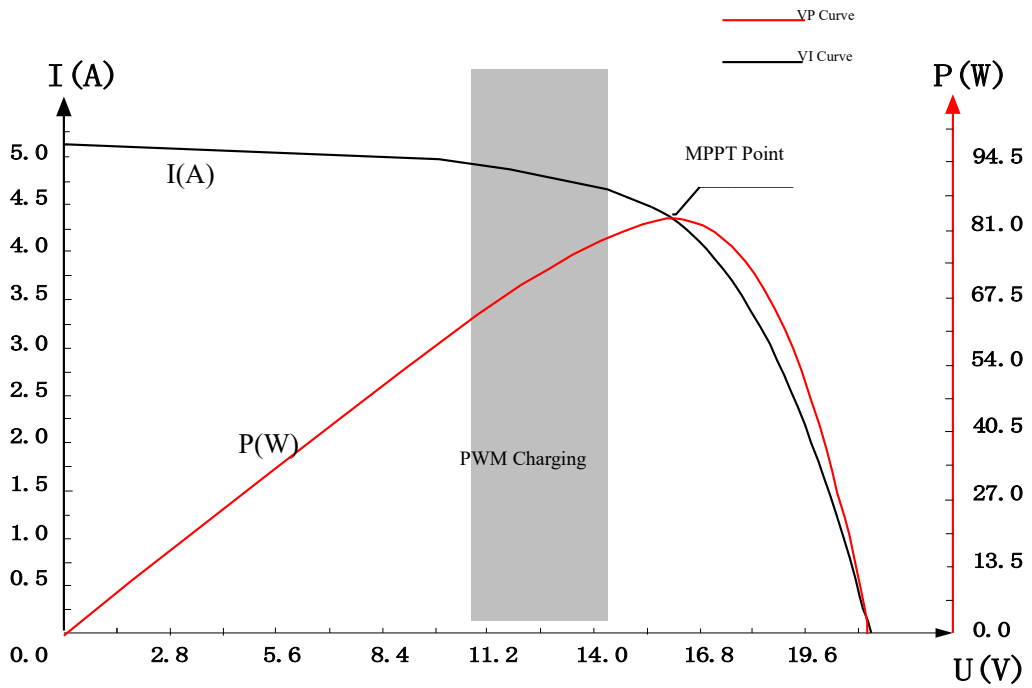


Figure 1-2 Solar Panel Output Characteristic Curve

Moreover, different environmental temperatures and light conditions lead to frequent changes of the maximum power point. Our MPPT solar charge controller can constantly adjust parameters according to different conditions so as to put the system near the maximum working point all the time.

The whole process is completely automatic without any adjustment by users.

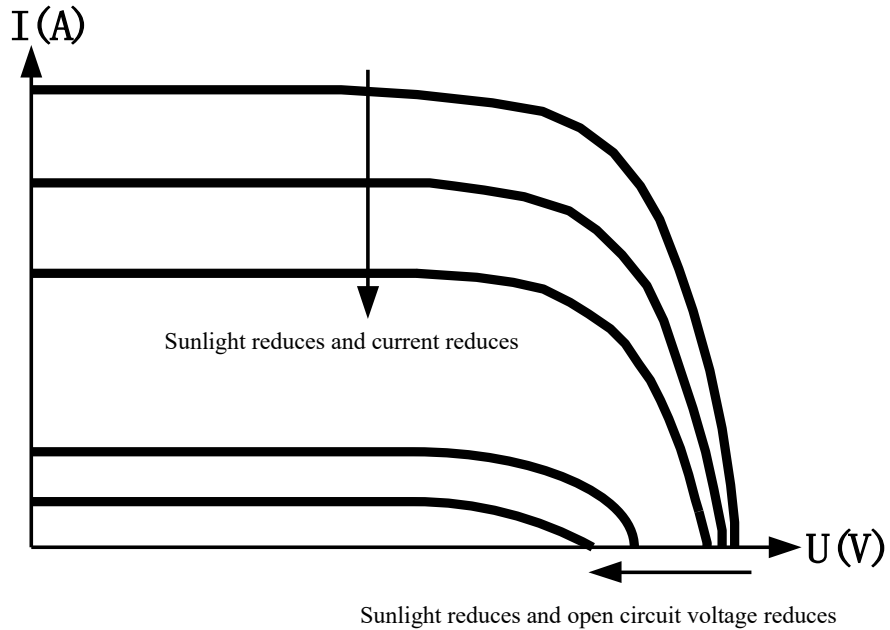


Figure 1-3 Solar Panel Output Characteristic and Lighting Relation

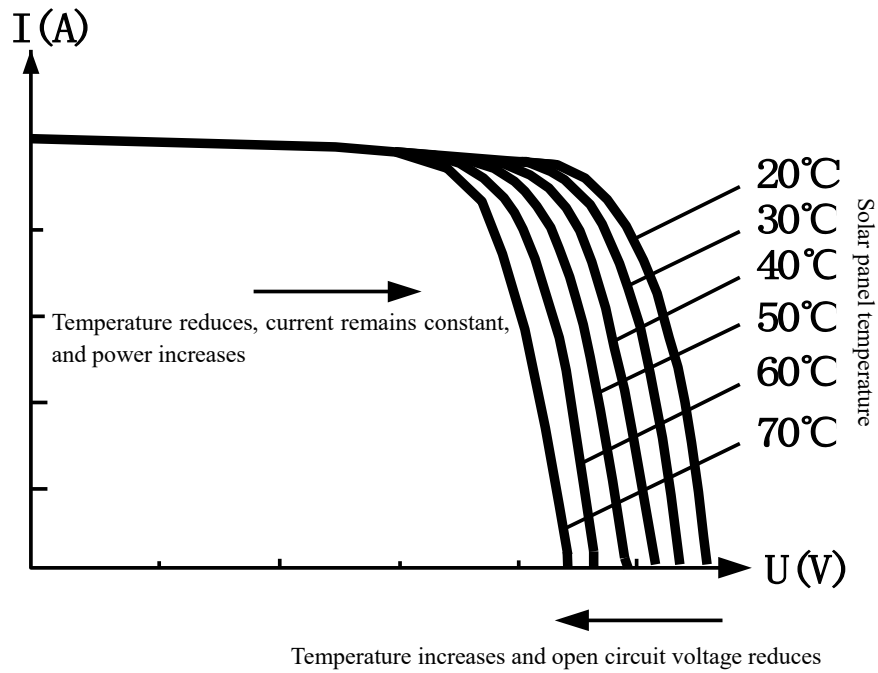


Figure 1-4 Solar Panel Output Characteristic and Temperature Relation

1.4 Introduction of Charging Stages

As a stage of charging, MPPT cannot be used separately, but must be combined with charging modes such as boost charging, floating charging and equalizing charging to complete battery charging together. A complete charging process includes: fast charging, maintaining charging and floating charging. The charging curve is as follows:

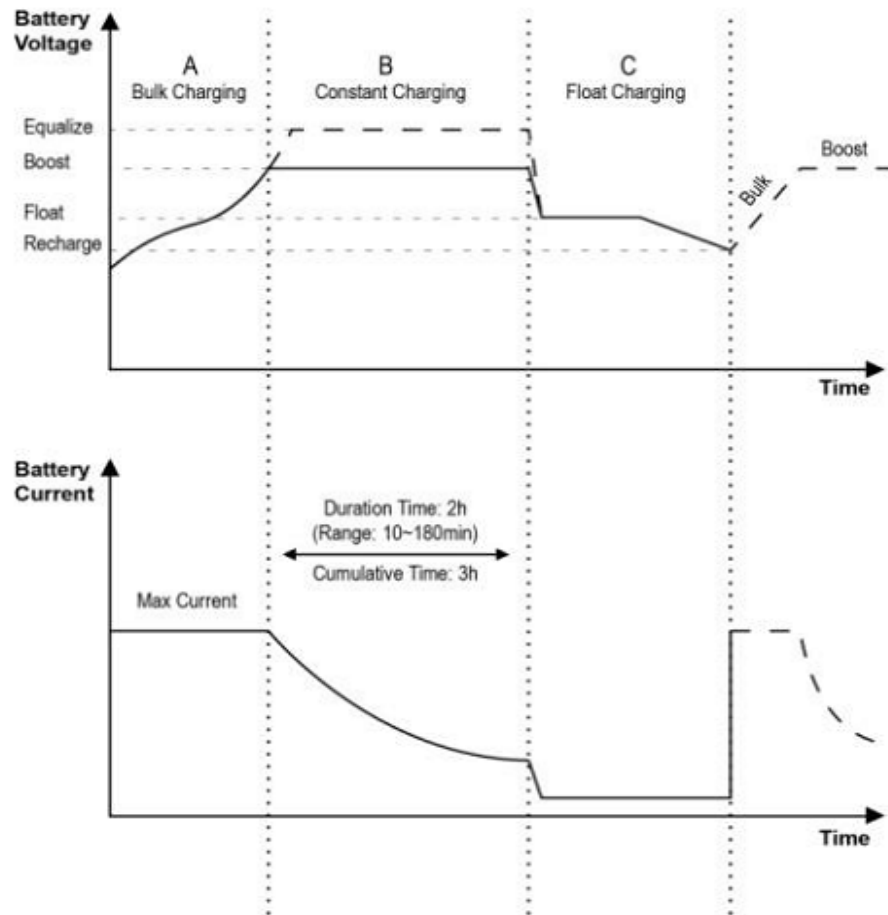


Figure 1-5 Battery Charging Stage

➤ Fast Charging

In fast charging stage, battery voltage is below the preset value (equalizing/boost voltage) of full voltage. The solar charge controller will perform MPPT charging and provide the maximum solar power to charge battery. After battery voltage reaches the preset value, the controller conducts constant-voltage charging.

➤ Maintaining Charging


When battery voltage reaches the preset value for maintaining voltage, the solar charge controller performs constant-voltage charging, and this process does not involve MPPT charging. At the same time, charging current declines gradually over time. There are two stages in maintaining charging, which are equalizing charging and boost charging. The two charging processes are not repeated processes. Equalizing charging is started once every 30 days in a month.

☆ Boost Charging

The boost charging stage generally lasts 2 hours by default. Customers can adjust the duration and preset value of boost voltage according to actual needs.

When the duration times reaches the preset value, the system enters floating charging stage.


☆Equalizing Charging

 Warning: explosion!

Balance opening lead-acid batteries may produce explosive gas, and cabins of the batteries must be well ventilated.

 Attention: equipment damage !

Balance can push up battery voltage to a level that may damage sensitive DC load. Verification is required to ensure that the allowed input voltage of all system loads is higher than the set value of equalizing charging for batteries.

 Attention: equipment damage !

Overcharging or too much gas evolution may damage battery plates and cause active materials on battery plates to fall off. Damages may be caused if equalizing charging voltage is too high or equalizing charging lasts too long. You are advised to carefully read the specific requirements on batteries used in the system.

Some types of batteries benefit from regular equalizing charging, which can stir up electrolyte, equalizing battery voltage, and complete chemical reaction. Equalizing charging boosts battery voltage to a level higher than standard complement voltage, resulting in gasification of battery electrolyte. If it is detected that the solar charge controller automatically controls the next process to perform equalizing charging, equalizing charging duration will be 120 minutes (default). Equalizing charging and boost charging are not repeated in one full charge process. This is to avoid too much gas evolution or battery overheating.

 Attention:

When the system cannot maintain battery voltage steadily at constant voltage

due to installation environment or operation with load, the solar charge controller performs time accumulation until battery voltage reaches the preset value. After the cumulative time reaches three hours, the system automatically transfers to floating charging.

If the clock of the solar charge controller is not calibrated, the controller performs regular equalizing charging in accordance with its internal clock..

➤ **Floating Charging**

After a charging stage continues, the solar charge controller reduces battery voltage by decreasing the charging current, and maintains battery voltage at the preset voltage value for floating charging. At floating charging stage, the battery undergoes very weak charging to ensure that the battery is in full charge state. At floating charging stage, the load can obtain nearly all the solar power. If the load exceeds the power provided by solar energy, the solar charge controller fails to maintain battery voltage at floating stage. When battery voltage is as low as the preset value for improved recovery charging, the system exits from floating charging stage and re-enters fast charging stage.

2. Product Installation

2.1 Installation Precautions

- ◆ Exert great caution during battery installation. Before installing open lead-acid battery, wear protective goggles. When you are in contact with battery acid liquid, wash the involved part with water immediately.

- ◆ Do not place metal objects near battery to prevent short circuit.

◆When battery is charging, acidic gas can be produced. Ensure that the environment around is well ventilated.

◆Battery may generate combustible gas. Keep it away from sparks.

◆For outdoor installation, avoid direct sunlight and rain infiltration.

◆Loose connections and corrosive wires may cause extreme heat that melts wire insulation layers, burns surrounding materials, or even results in fire. Ensure that connection heads are screwed tight, and wires are better fixed with tightening belts. Avoid wire shaking and loose connection heads when moving the application.

◆When the system is connected, the output terminal voltage of components can be higher than human safety voltage. During operation, use insulated tools and make sure your hands are dry.

◆The battery terminals on the solar charge controller can be connected with one battery or the same set of batteries. Follow-up instructions in the manual apply to the use of single battery. The same instructions apply to a system with a set of batteries as well.

◆Please follow battery manufacturers' safety recommendations.

◆System connecting line is selected according to current density of no greater than 4A/mm².

◆Connect the solar charge controller grounding terminal to the ground.

2.2 Wiring Specifications

Wiring and installation mode must comply with national and local electrical standard requirements.


Battery and load specifications must be selected according to the rated current.


Refer to the following table for wiring specifications:


| Model | Rated | Rated | Battery Wire | Load Line |
|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-----------|
|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-----------|

| | Charging Current | Discharging Current | Diameter (mm ²) | Diameter (mm ²) |
|--------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ML4830 | 30A | 20A | 8 | 5 |
| ML2440 | 40A | 20A | 10 | 5 |

2.3 Installation and Wiring

 **Warning: Explosion risk. Do not install the solar charge controller and open type cell in the same closed space. Do not install in closed place where battery gas may gather.**

 **Warning: High pressure danger. Photovoltaic array may generate very high open circuit voltage. Before wire connection, disconnect the breaker or insurance. Be careful in the process of wiring.**

 **Attention: When installing a solar charge controller, make sure there is enough air flowing through the cooling fin of the controller. Leave a space of at least 150 mm up and down the solar charge controller to ensure natural heat loss through convection. If installed within a closed cabinet, ensure reliable heat dissipation through the cabinet body.**

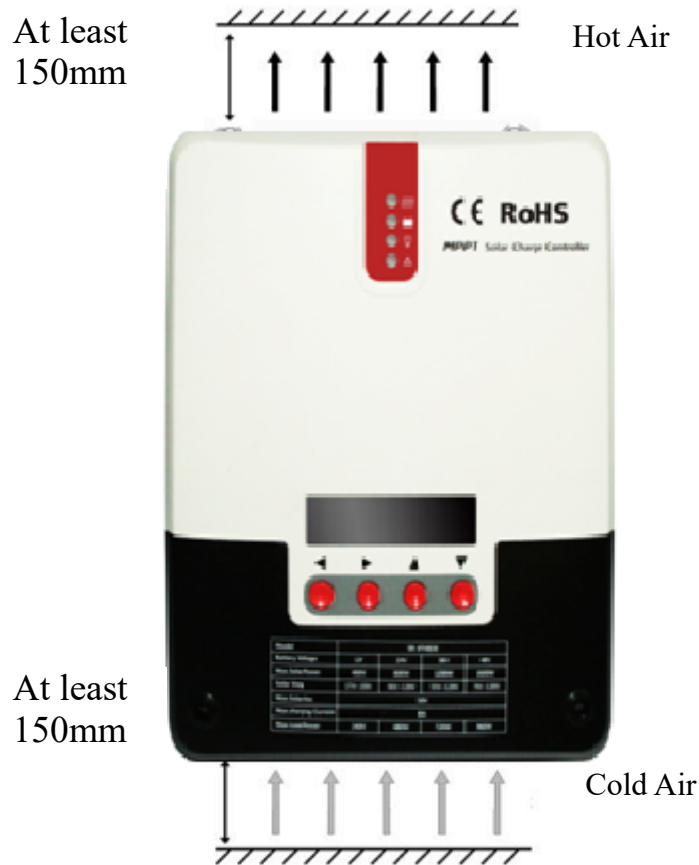


Figure 2.1 Installation and Heat Dissipation

Step 1: Selecting an installation location.

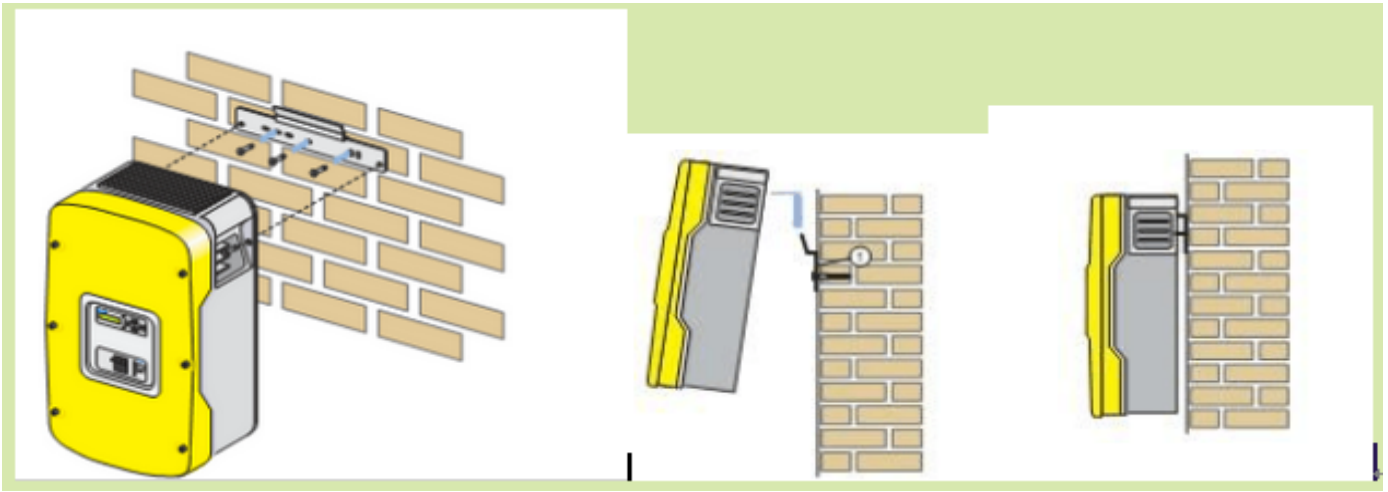
Avoid installing solar charge controller in a place where there is direct sunlight, high temperature or easy water inflow. Ensure the surrounding area of the solar charge controller is well ventilated.

Step 2: Fixed screw

First place installation guide plate at proper position, then use pen and mark on installation location, drill four installation holes at marked places of suitable size, and fixe with screw.

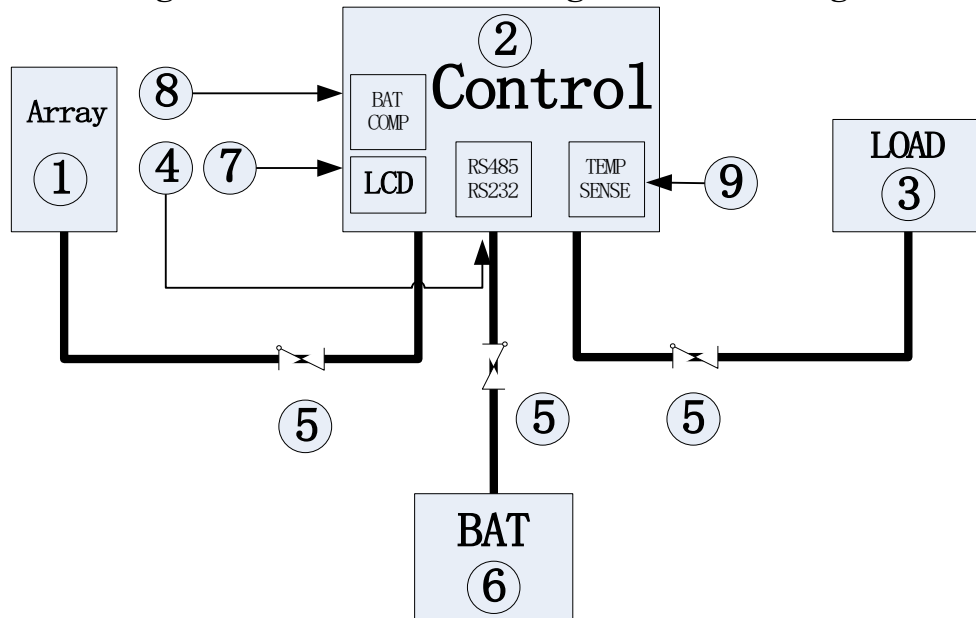
Step 3: Fix the solar charge controller.

On the installation surface, use a pen to mark the positions of four mounting holes, and then move away solar charge controller. Drill four size-suitable mounting holes at four marked positions, and fix screws in advance, align fixing holes of solar charge controller to on the four fixed screws, and then hang it up.



Step 4: Wiring

Remove the two screws on the solar charge controller panel, and then start wiring. For installation security, we recommend the following wiring sequence. However, wiring without following this order will not damage the solar charge controller.



4.1 External temperature sampling interface connection


4.2 Battery voltage sampling line connection

4.3 Communication cable connection

4.4 Connect power line

⚡ Warning: Risk of electric shock! We strongly recommend access insurance or circuit breaker at photovoltaic array end, load end and battery end, to prevent electric shock from occurring during wiring or misoperation. Before wiring, ensure that insurance or circuit breaker is disconnected.

⚡ Warning: High pressure danger! Photovoltaic array may generate very high open circuit voltage. Before wire connection, disconnect the breaker or insurance. Be careful in the process of wiring.

 **Warning:** Risk of explosion. Short circuit of battery positive and negative terminals and wires connected to them will cause fire or explosion. Please be careful during operation.

Please connect battery first, then connect load, and finally connect the solar panel, please follow the connection mode of "+" first and then "-".


4.5 Power On


Tip: ML series solar charge controller only starts the solar charge controller via wiring at the battery end, but ML - LI can start the solar charge controller via power of PV array,. This applies to starting the solar charge controller and activating lithium battery when lithium battery BMS is in the protection state and cannot export electricity externally.

When all the power line connections are firm and reliable, recheck whether the wiring is correct, and whether positive and negative ends are connected reversely. After confirmation, connect battery fuse or circuit breaker, observe whether LED indicator is lit, and whether LCD screen displays content. If there is no display, disconnect the fuse or circuit breaker immediately and recheck whether the circuit connection is correct.

If battery is powered on normally, connect the solar panel. If solar charge controller charging indicators are on normally or flashing, start battery charging.

When battery and photovoltaic is well connected, then connect load fuse or circuit breaker. At this time, you can use manual mode to test whether the load On and Off is normal. See load working mode and operation.

 **Warning:** When the solar charge controller is under normal charging state, disconnecting battery connection will affect solar charge controller DC load. In a severe case, the load can be damaged.

 **Warning:** Within 10 minutes after solar charge controller charging stops, battery reverse polarity operation may damage internal components of the solar charge controller.

Attention:

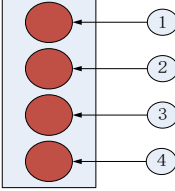
- 1) Battery insurance installation site should be as close as possible to the battery end. Recommended installation distance shall be no more than 150 mm.
- 2) **When solar charge controller is not connected to a remote temperature sensor, battery temperature is a fixed value of 25 °C.**
- 3) **If the inverter is connected in the system, please connect inverter directly with battery, and do not connect solar charge controller with the load end.**

4.6 Close wiring cover

When all wirings of the system are well connected, close the wiring cover and screw screws tight.






3. Product Operation and Display

3.1.LED Indicator

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|---|
|  | ○--- PV array Indicator | Indicate solar charge controller current charging mode |
| | ○--- BAT Indicator | Indicate battery current state. |
| | ○--- LOAD Indicator | Indicate load switch and state. |
| | ○--- ERROR Indicator | Indicate whether solar charge controller is currently normal working. |

➤ PV array Indicator

CHARGE STATUS

| | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|--|
| ① |  | BULK | Steady On, MPPT Charging |
| ② |  | ACCEPTANCE | Slow Flash, Boost Charging |
| ③ |  | FLOAT | Single Flash, Floating Charging |
| ④ |  | EQUALIZE | Fast Flash, Equalizing Charging |
| ⑤ |  | CURRENT-LIMITED | Double Flash, Current Limited Charging |

| No. | Indication State | Charging State |
|---------|---|--------------------------|
| ○ | Steady On | MPPT Charging |
| ○ | Slow Flash (On 1s, Off 1s, cycle 2s) | Boost Charging |
| ○ | Single Flash (On 0.1s, Off 1.9s, cycle 2s) | Floating Charging |
| 快闪 ○ | Fast Flash (On 0.1s, Off 0.1s, cycle 0.2s) | Equalizing Charging |
| ○ | Double Flash (On 0.1s, Off 0.1s, On 0.1s, Off 1.7s, cycle 2s) | Current Limited Charging |
| ○ | Off | Night |

➤ BAT Indicator :

| Indication State | Battery State |
|--|------------------------|
| Steady On | Battery Voltage Normal |
| Slow Flash (On 1s, Off 1s, cycle 2s) | Battery Over-Discharge |
| Fast Flash | Battery Overvoltage |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| (On 0.1s, Off 0.1s, cycle 0.2s) | |
|-----------------------------------|--|

➤ **LOAD Indicator:**

| Indication State | Battery State |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Off | Load Not Started |
| Fast Flash (On 0.1s, Off 0.1s, cycle 0.2s) | Overload/Short Circuit |
| Steady On | Load Normal Output |

➤ **ERROR Indicator:**

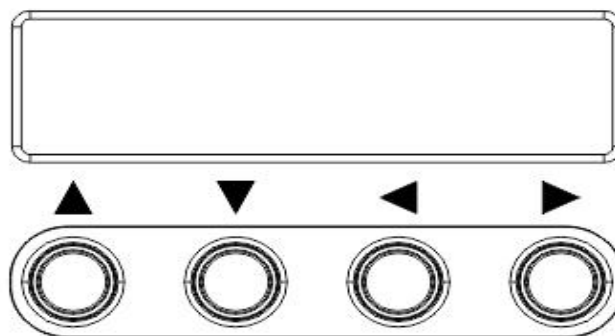
| Indication State | Battery State |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Off | System Operation No Abnormalities |
| Steady On | System Abnormal |

3.2 Buzzer

After abnormality occurs, the buzzer sends out two short and a long buzzing sound.

| Buzzer Buzzing State | Abnormality Type |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Off | System no abnormalities or buzzing for 1 minute and then stop |
| Buzzing for 1 minute | Battery Over-Discharge, Under-Voltage, Load Short Circuit, Over-Load, Solar Controller Over-Temperature, and Battery Over-temperature |
| Buzzing for 15 seconds | Battery Under-Voltage |
| Constant Buzzing | Battery Overvoltage, PV Reverse Connection, PV Overvoltage |

3.3 Key Operation



| | |
|--------|---|
| ▲ Up | Menu page up; parameter decrease under setting mode |
| ▼ Down | Menu page down; parameter increase under |

| | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| | setting mode |
| ◀ Return | Return to the previous menu |
| ▶ Confirm | Enter submenu; Setting/Save key |

3.4 LCD Starting and Main Interface Display

➤ Starting Interface



During start, the four indicators flash in flow. LCD starts after self-check. The model of the solar charge controller is displayed first, and then battery voltage level is displayed. Voltage level is displayed according to user-selected fixed voltage or voltage automatically identified.

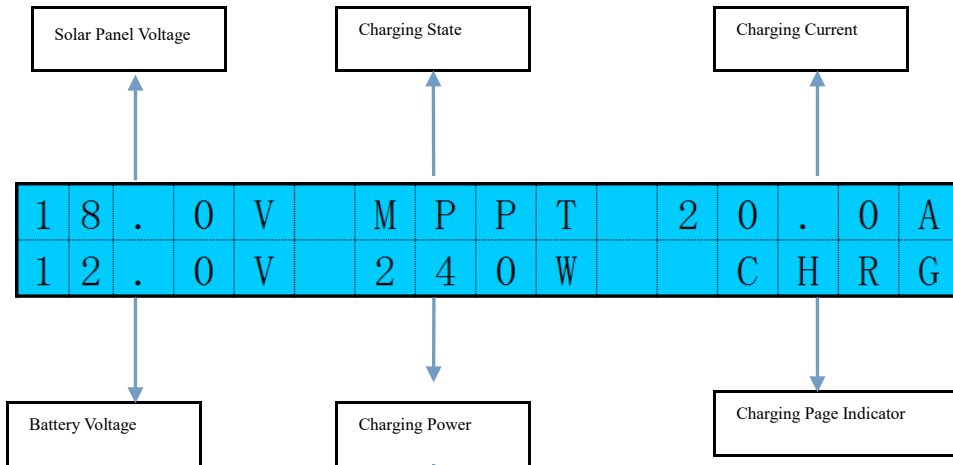
➤ Main Page

Main page has 8 menus, in which menus with sub menus can press setting key to enter next menus

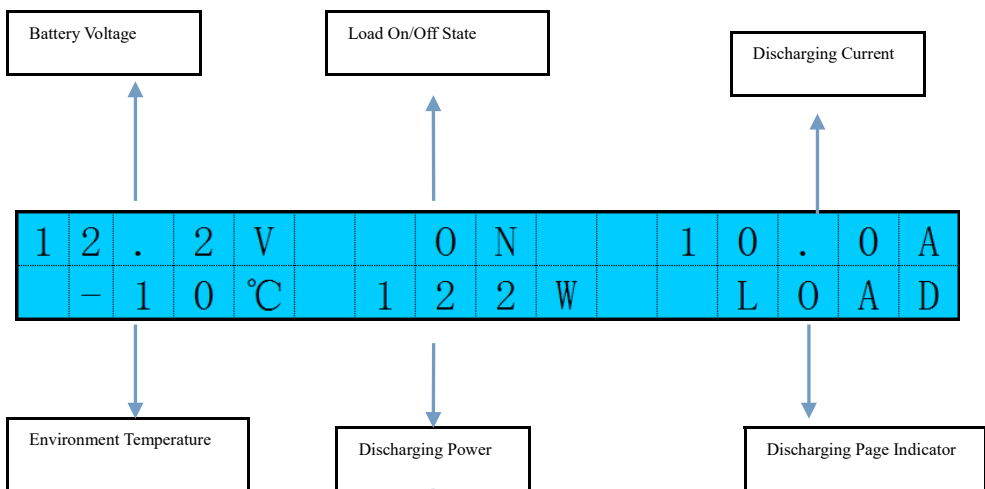
| No. | Page name | Page Note | Sub-menu |
|-----|--|---|----------|
| 1 | Charging Page Display | Charging state information real-time display, which can display information of solar panel voltage, charging state, charging current, battery voltage, and charging power | |
| 2 | Discharging Load Information Display Page | Load state information real-time display, which can display information of battery voltage, load switch state, discharging current, environment temperature, and discharging power | |
| ③ | Load Mode Setting Page | Load work mode adjustment page | Yes |
| ④ | Manual switch load page | The page is available only when load mode is manual mode 15, not displayed in other modes. In this page, load can be turned on and off from keys directly. | |
| ⑤ | System Analysis Page | System analysis page can view charging AH, discharging AH, work days, and system abnormality information | Yes |
| ⑥ | System Log Page | Log page can view solar controller historical information up to 5 years at most, including daily min battery voltage, battery max voltage, daily charging AH, and daily discharging AH, and etc | Yes |
| ⑦ | Parameter Setting Page | Parameter settings page can set some parameters of solar controller, including | Yes |

| | | | |
|---|---------------------|---|-----|
| | | charging voltage, discharging voltage, temperature compensation coefficient, communication baud rate, and etc | |
| ⑧ | Product Information | Product information can view solar controller serial number and version information | Yes |

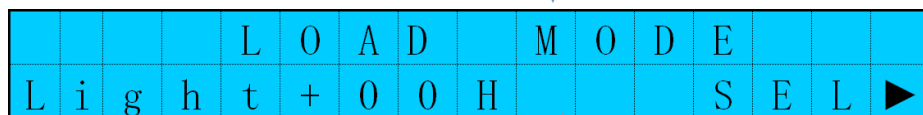
①Charging Page Display



②Discharging Display Page



③Load Mode Setting Page



④Switch load page (can be seen when load mode is manual mode 15)



⑤System Analysis Page

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D | i | a | g | n | o | s | t | i | c | s | | | | |
| M | e | n | u | s | | | | | | | S | E | L | ▶ |

⑥System Log Page

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| L | o | g | g | e | d | | | D | a | t | a | | | |
| M | e | n | u | s | | | | | | | S | E | L | ▶ |

⑦Parameter Setting Page

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| S | y | s | t | e | m | | | S | e | t | t | i | n | g | s |
| M | e | n | u | s | | | | | | | S | E | L | ▶ | |

⑧Product Information

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| P | r | o | d | u | c | t | | | I | n | f | o | | | |
| M | e | n | u | s | | | | | | | S | E | L | ▶ | |

3.5 Load Mode Setting Page

➤ Load Mode Introduction

The solar controller has five load work modes, with modes referred as follows:

| Code | Mode | Description |
|------|--|--|
| 0 | Pure light control (light on at night, off during daytime) | When there is no sunlight, the solar panel voltage is below the light control ON voltage, solar charge controller will open load after delay for a certain time, when the sunlight appears, solar panel voltage is above light control OFF voltage, solar charge controller will shut down the load after delay for a certain time |
| 1~14 | Light time control for 1~14 hours | When there is no sunlight, the solar panel voltage is below the light control ON voltage, solar charge controller will open load after delay for a certain time, load will shut down after working time reaches set value. |
| 15 | Manual Mode | Under this mode, the user can control load On and Off through keys, regardless of daytime or night. This mode is used in some special load situations or used for debugging. |
| 16 | Debugging Mode | Used for system debugging, close the load when there is light signal, open load when there is no light signal, convenient for checking the correctness of the system installation during installation and debugging. |
| 17 | Normal Open Mode | Power-on load has always maintained output state. This mode is suitable for load needing 24 hours power supply. |

➤ Load Mode Adjustment

The user adjusts load mode according to needs. The debugging mode is set by default (see Load Mode Introduction). Mode adjustment method goes as follows:

○Enter Load Mode Page

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| | | | | L | O | A | D | | M | O | D | E | | |
| L | i | g | h | t | | + | | 1 | 6 | | | S | E | L ▶ |

○Short press the setting key to enter mode adjustment interface

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| | S | E | T | | L | O | A | D | | M | O | D | E | |
| L | i | g | h | t | | + | | 1 | 6 | | | S | E | L ▶ |

○Long press the setting key for 3 seconds
Load mode will flash at this time

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| | S | E | T | | L | O | A | D | | M | O | D | E | |
| L | i | g | h | t | | + | | 1 | 6 | | | S | E | L ▶ |

○Press the +/- key to set needed load mode

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| | S | E | T | | L | O | A | D | | M | O | D | E | |
| L | i | g | h | t | | + | | 1 | 7 | | | S | E | L ▶ |

○Long press setting key to save and exit
Setting is successful

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| | S | E | T | | L | O | A | D | | M | O | D | E | |
| L | i | g | h | t | | + | | 1 | 7 | | | S | E | L ▶ |

➤ Manual Switch Load Page

The page is available only when load mode is manual mode 15. When load in under manual mode, load can be turned on and off from following pages manually

Long press the setting key for 2 seconds to turn load on, page displays as follows:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| | T | u | r | n | | L | o | a | d | | O | N | | |
| (| H | o | l | d | | ▶ | | 2 | | | s | e | c |) |

Long press the setting key for 2 seconds to turn load off, page displays as follows:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| | T | u | r | n | | L | o | a | d | | O | F | F | |
| (| H | o | l | d | | ▶ | | 2 | | | s | e | c |) |

3.6 System Analysis Page

In system analysis page, the user can user charging AH, discharging AH, work days, and system abnormality information, convenient for user to know the working condition of the whole system.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D | i | a | g | n | o | s | t | i | c | s | | | | |
| M | e | n | u | s | | | | | | | S | E | L | ▶ |

In this page, press setting key to enter system analysis sub menu page, with page contents as following table 3-6

| No. | Displaying Items | Notes | Unit |
|-----|------------------|-----------------|---------|
| 1 | Total Charge WH | Total Charge WH | KWH (度) |
| 2 | Total Charge AH | Total Charge AH | KAH |
| 3 | Total Dischg WH | Total Dischg WH | KWH (度) |
| 4 | Total Dischg AH | Total Dischg AH | KAH |
| 5 | Total Work Days | Total Work Days | Days |
| 6 | Total LVD Times | Total LVD Times | Times |
| 7 | Total FUL Times | Total FUL Times | Times |
| 8 | Error Code | Error Code | |
| | Controller temp | Controller temp | °C |

table 3-6

3.7 System Log Page

➤ Log View of Current Day

Some system operation information record can be viewed at system log page, can view data records of five years at most, see Table 3-7 for information contents

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| L | o | g | g | e | d | | | D | a | t | a | | | |
| M | e | n | u | s | | | | | | | S | E | L | ▶ |

In this page, press setting key to enter system log sub menu page, which is current day's log data by default, with page contents as following table 3-7

| No. | Log Contents | Unit |
|-----|-------------------------------------|------|
| 1 | Battery current day min voltage | V |
| 2 | Battery current day max voltage | V |
| 3 | Current day max charging current | A |
| 4 | Current day max discharging current | A |
| 5 | Current day max charging power | W |
| 6 | Current day max discharging power | W |
| 7 | Current day charging AH | AH |
| 8 | Current day discharging AH | AH |
| 9 | Current day generating capacity | KWH |
| 10 | Current day discharging capacity | KWH |

table 3-7

➤ Log View of Different Days

To view log data of n days ago, the user needs to set a specified date. The setting is as follows:

- Long press setting key for 3 seconds in current log parameter

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| D | A | Y | : | 0 | 0 | 0 | B | A | T | T | E | R | Y |
| 2 | 2 | . | 0 | V | M | i | n | | | | S | E | L ▶ |

Days value start to flash at this time,
000 refers current days

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| D | A | Y | : | 0 | 0 | 0 | B | A | T | T | E | R | Y |
| 2 | 2 | . | 0 | V | M | i | n | | | | S | E | T ▶ |

○ Press the +/- key to set the number of days
001 refers to value of previous day

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|
| D | A | Y | : | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | B | A | T | T | E | R | Y |
| 2 | 2 | . | 0 | V | M | i | n | | | | S | E | T ▶ | |

○ Long press the setting key for 3 seconds, and save current days
At this time, press +/- key again to view other log contents of set days

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|
| D | A | Y | : | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | B | A | T | T | E | R | Y |
| 2 | 6 | . | 0 | V | M | a | x | | | | S | E | L ▶ | |

3.8 Parameter Setting Interface

Under this menu, the user can view and set system parameters. Setting shall be performed under guidance of professional personnel; otherwise, setting error may cause system problems. See table 3-8 For parameter setting contents

| Parameter Setting Contrast Table | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| No. | Displaying Items | Notes | Parameter Scope | Default Paremeters |
| 1 | TYPE OF BAT | Battery Type | User/flooded/Sealed/Gel | Sealed |
| 2 | CAP OF BAT | Battery Capacity | 100~3000AH | 200AH |
| 3 | VOLT OF SYS | System Voltage | 12V/24V/36V/48V/AUT 0 | AUTO |
| 4 | OVR VOL DISC | Overvoltage Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 16.0V |
| 5 | CHG LMT VOL | Charging Limit Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 15.5V |
| 6 | EQUALIZ CHG | Equalizing charging Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 15.2V |
| 7 | BOOST CHG | Boost charging | 9.0~17.0V | 14.4V |

| | | | | |
|----|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------|
| | | Voltage | | |
| 8 | FLOAT CHG | Floating Charging Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 13.8V |
| 9 | BOOST-RE CHG | Boost charging Recovery to Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 12.6V |
| 10 | LOW VOL RECT | Over-Discharge Recovery | 9.0~17.0V | 12.6V |
| 11 | UND VOL WARN | Under-Voltage Warning | 9.0~17.0V | 12.0V |
| 12 | LOW VOL DISC | Over-Discharge Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 11.0V |
| 13 | DISC LMT VOL | Over-Discharge Limit Voltage | 9.0~17.0V | 10.5V |
| 14 | LVD DELAY | Over-Discharge Delay Time | 1~30s | 5s |
| 15 | EQUALIZ TIME | Equalizing Charging Duration Time | 0~600Min | 120Min |
| 16 | BOOST TIME | Boost Charging Duration Time | 10~600Min | 120Min |
| 17 | AUTO EQUALIZ | Equalizing Charging Interval | 0~255D (0 refers to close equalizing charging function) | 30D |
| 18 | T-COMP SLOPE | Temperature Compensation Coefficient | 0~5 (0 refers to close compensation function) | -3mv/°C/2V |
| 19 | L-CON-VOL | Light Control Voltage | 4~40V | 5V |
| 20 | L-CON-DELAY | Light Control Delay Time | 1~60Min | 5Min |
| 21 | BAUD RATE | Communication Baud Rate | 1200-115200 | 9600 |
| 22 | MODBUS ADDR | Modbus Address | 1-250 | 1 |
| 23 | RS232 ADDR | RS232 Address | 1-65530 | 1 |
| 24 | BACK-LIGHT | Back-Light Delay Time | Steady on/10-60Sec | 10Sec |
| 25 | RESTORE DEFAVLT | Restore Factory Default Setting | | |

table3-8 (All parameters under User can be set and viewed.)

3.9 Production Information Page

You can check the controller model, serial number, software and hardware version etc. to learn about the product. For detailed information, please see Diagram 3-9.

| System Information | | | | |
|--------------------|------|------|-------------------|--------------|
| No. | Name | Item | Parameter Example | Example Note |

| | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------|-----------|--|
| 1 | Model | Model: | SR-ML4830 | Solar charge controller model |
| 2 | Serial Number | HW: | 15100032 | The 32 nd set of October 2015 |
| 3 | Hardware version | SW: | 00.05.00 | Hardware version V0.5.0 |
| 4 | Software version | Serial: | 00.03.00 | Software version V0.3.0 |

table 3-9

4. Product Protection Function and System Maintenance

4.1 Protection Function Introduction

➤ Waterproof Protection

Waterproofing Grade: IP32

➤ Input limit power protection

When solar panel power exceeds the rated power, the solar charge controller limits solar panel power within the scope of rated power to prevent damage of the controller by excessive current, The solar charge controller enters current limit charging.

➤ Battery Reverse connection protection

When storage system is connected reversely, the system does not work and does not burn out solar charge controller.

➤ Photovoltaic input terminal voltage too high


Photovoltaic array input voltage is too high, and solar charge controller will automatically cut off PV input.

➤ Photovoltaic input terminal Short circuit protection

After short circuit of photovoltaic array input terminal, the solar charge controller disconnects charging, and when short circuit condition is removed, charging will be automatically restored.

➤ PV input reverse connection protection

When polarity of photovoltaic array is connected reversely, the solar charge controller will not be damaged, and will continue normal operation after correcting wiring error.

 Warning: During reverse connection, battery voltage together with component element voltage must be less than 150V.

➤ Load over-power protection

When load exceeds the rated power, delayed load over-power protection will be started according to actual circumstances.

➤ **Load short circuit protection**

Provide timely and fast protection for short circuit of load, and try to start load automatically after a certain delay. The maximum number per day is 5 times. When load short circuit occurs, the user can also remove load short circuit manually in system data analysis page exception code.

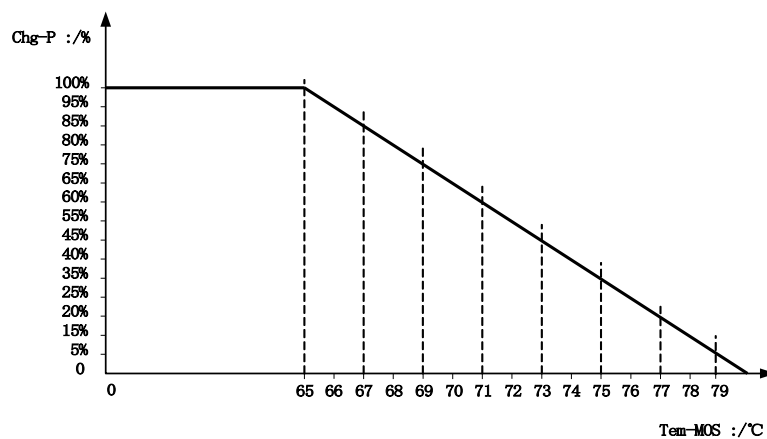
➤ **Night reverse connection proof protection**

At night, prevent battery discharging via solar panel.

➤ **TVS Lightning Protection.**

➤ **Over-Temperature Protection**

With temperature higher than the set temperature, the solar charge controller reduces charging power or stops charging. See the following figure



4.2 System Maintenance

◆ To maintain the best and long-term performance, it is recommended that following items are checked each year.

◆ Confirm that air flow around the solar charge controller is not blocked. Remove any dirt or debris on the cooling fin.


◆ Check whether insulation of bare wires is damaged due to sunburn, friction with other objects around, dry rot, insects or rodents destruction. Check whether repairing or wire replacement is necessary.

◆ Verify that indicators are consistent with equipment operation. Please pay attention to any fault or error displays, and take corrective actions when necessary.

◆ Check all wiring terminals to see if there is corrosion, insulation damage, high temperature or burning /discoloration signs, and tighten screw terminal.

◆ Check whether there are dirt, nest-building insects and corrosion phenomenon, and clean by following requirements.

◆ If lightning arrester has failed, timely replace invalid lightning arrester to prevent causing lightning damage to solar charge controller or even user's other equipments.

 **Warning:** Risk of electric shock! In process of above operation, make sure all power supply of the solar charge controller has been disconnected, and then conduct related check or actions accordingly!

4.3 Abnormality Display and Alarm

| No. | Error Display | Remarks | LED Indication | Buzzer Alarm |
|-----|---------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| 1 | PV REV | Photovoltaic Modules Inversed Connection | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer keeps alarming |
| 2 | PV OVP | Photovoltaic Modules Overvoltage | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer keeps alarming |
| 3 | PV_MPP_OVP | Over Set Vmp Voltage | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 4 | PV OVER CRT | Photovoltaic Modules Overload | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 5 | OVER VOLTAGE | System Overvoltage | BAT Indicator fast flash ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer keeps alarming |
| 6 | LOAD SHORT CRT | Load Short Circuit | LOAD Indicator fast flash ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 7 | LOAD OVER CRT | Overload | LOAD Indicator fast flash ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 9 | OVER TMP BAT | Environment Temperature Over- Temperature | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 11 | OVER TMP MOS | Solar Charge Controller Internal Over-Temperature | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 12 | OVER DISCHARGE | Battery Over- Discharge | BAT Indicator slow flash ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 1Min |
| 13 | BAT UND VOL WARN | Battery Under-Voltage | ERROR indicator steady on | Buzzer Alarm for 15 seconds |

5. Product Specification Parameter

5.1 Electrical Parameter

| Parameter Name | Parameter Value | |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Model | ML2440/ML2440-LI | ML4830/ML4830-LI |
| System Voltage | 12V/24VAuto | 12V/24V/36V/48V Auto |

| | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| No-Load Loss | 0.7 W~1.2W | |
| Battery Voltage | 9~35 | 9~70 |
| Max Solar Energy Input Voltage | <150V | |
| Max Power Point Voltage Scope | Battery Voltage +2V ~ 120V | |
| Rated Charging Current | 40A | 30A |
| Rated Load Current | 20A | 20A |
| Max capacitive load capacity | 10000uF | |
| PV System Max Input Power | 520W/12V 1040W/24V | 400W/12V 800W/24V 1200W/36V 1600W/48V |
| Conversion Efficiency | ≤98% | |
| MPPT Tracking Efficiency | >99% | |
| Temperature compensation coefficient | -3mv/°C/2V (Default) | |
| Working Temperature | -35°C ~ +45°C | |
| Protection Level | IP32 | |
| Weight | 2.3kg | |
| Max Wiring Size | 25 mm ² | |
| Communication Mode | RS485, RS232 | |
| Altitude | ≤ 3000m | |
| Product Size | 266*182*81mm | |

5.2 Parameter Adjustment Range

| Comparison Table of Parameters for Each Type of Battery | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Setting Voltage Battery Type | Sealed Lead-Acid Battery | Gelled Lead-Acid Battery | Open Lead-Acid Battery | User (User-Defined) |
| Overvoltage Disconnect Voltage | 16.0V | 16.0V | 16.0V | 9~17V |
| Equalizing Voltage | 14.6V | — | 14.8V | 9~17V |
| Boost Voltage | 14.4V | 14.2V | 14.6V | 9~17V |
| Floating Voltage | 13.8V | 13.8V | 13.8V | 9~17V |
| Boost Restoring Voltage | 13.2V | 13.2V | 13.2V | 9~17V |

| | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Low Voltage Disconnect Restoring Voltage | 12.6V | 12.6V | 12.6V | 9~17V |
| Under-Voltage Alarming Restoring Voltage | 12.2V | 12.2V | 12.2V | 9~17V |
| Under-Voltage Alarming Voltage | 12.0V | 12.0V | 12.0V | 9~17V |
| Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage | 11.1V | 11.1V | 11.1V | 9~17V |
| Discharging Limit Voltage | 10.6V | 10.6V | 10.6V | 9~17V |
| Over-Discharge Delay Time | 5s | 5s | 5s | 1~30s |
| Equalizing Duration Time | 120 minutes | — | 120 minutes | 0~600 minutes |
| Equalizing Charging Interval | 30 days | 0 day | 30 days | 0~250D (00 refers to close equalizing charging function)) |
| Boost Duration Time | 120 minutes | 120 minutes | 120 minutes | 10~600 minutes |

The User battery is customized battery. The system's default voltage parameters are consistent with sealed lead-acid battery parameters. When modifying battery charging and discharging parameters, observe the following logic:

◆ Overvoltage Disconnect Voltage > Charging Limit Voltage ≥ Equalizing Voltage ≥ Boost

◆ Voltage ≥ Floating Charging Voltage > Boost Restoring Voltage;

→ ◆ Overvoltage Disconnect Voltage > Overvoltage Disconnect Restoring Voltage;

→ ◆ Low Voltage Disconnect Restoring Voltage > Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage ≥ Discharging Limit Voltage;

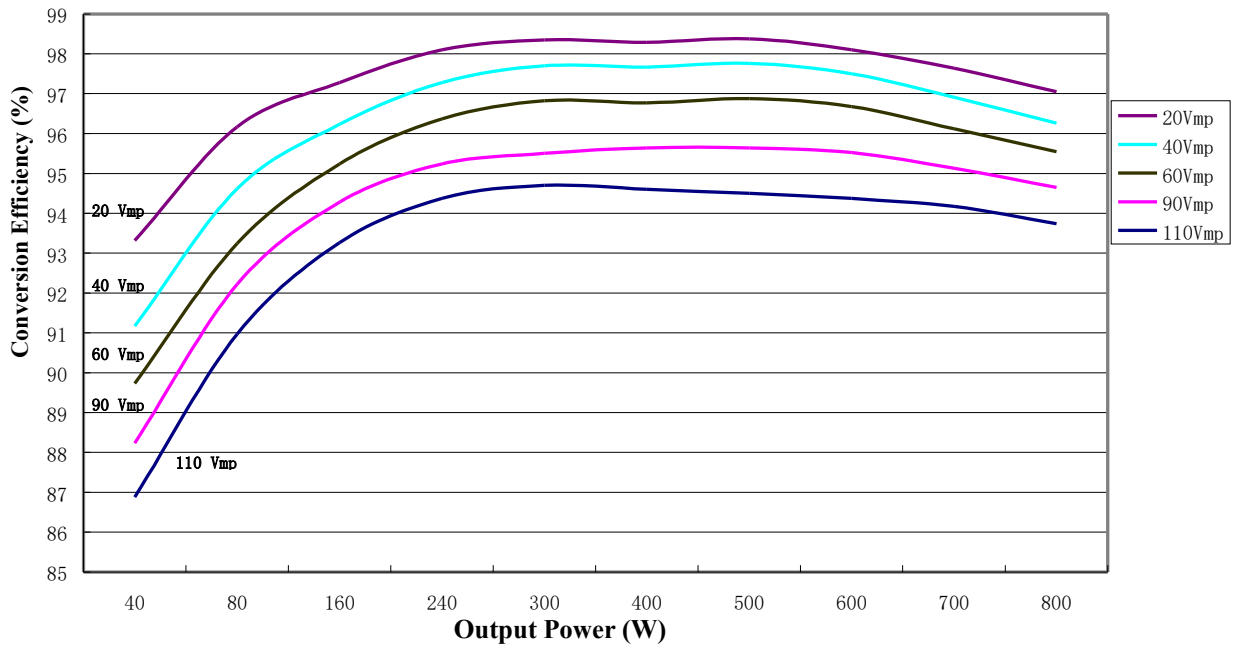
→ ◆ Under-Voltage Alarming Restoring Voltage > Under-Voltage Alarming Voltage ≥ Discharging Limit Voltage;

→ ◆ Boost Restoring Voltage > Low Voltage Disconnect Restoring Voltage;

6. Conversion Efficiency Curve

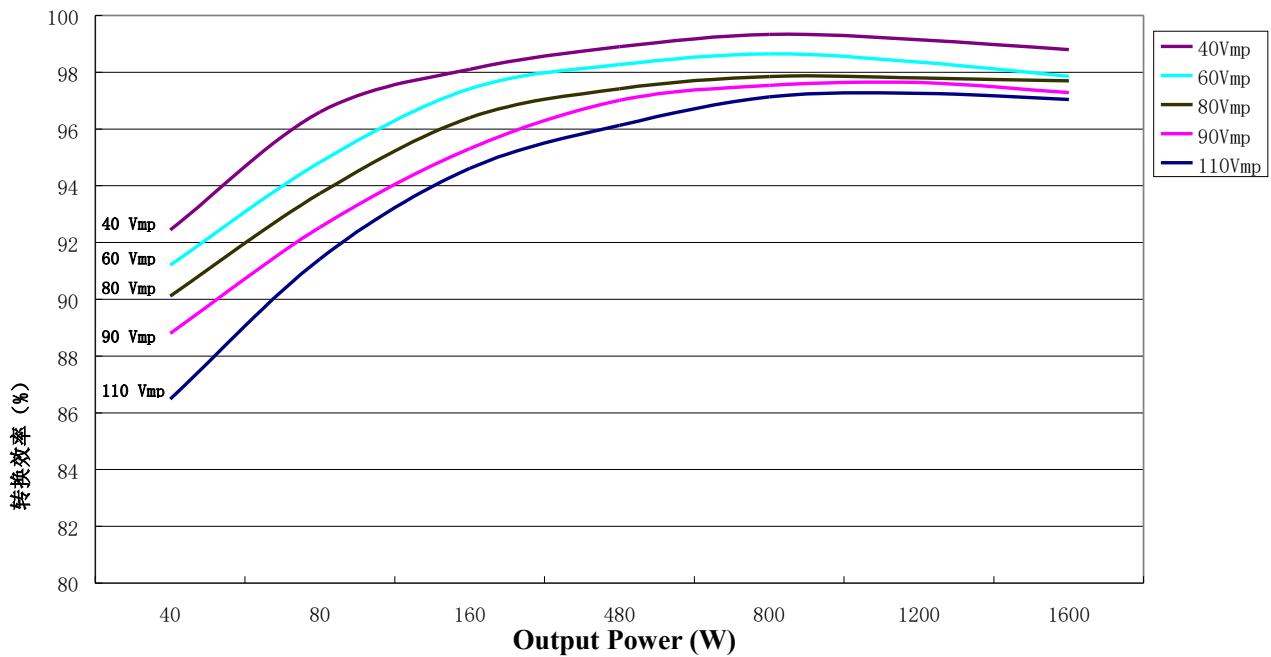
6.1.12V System Conversion Efficiency

MPPT 12V System Conversion Efficiency (12V Battery)



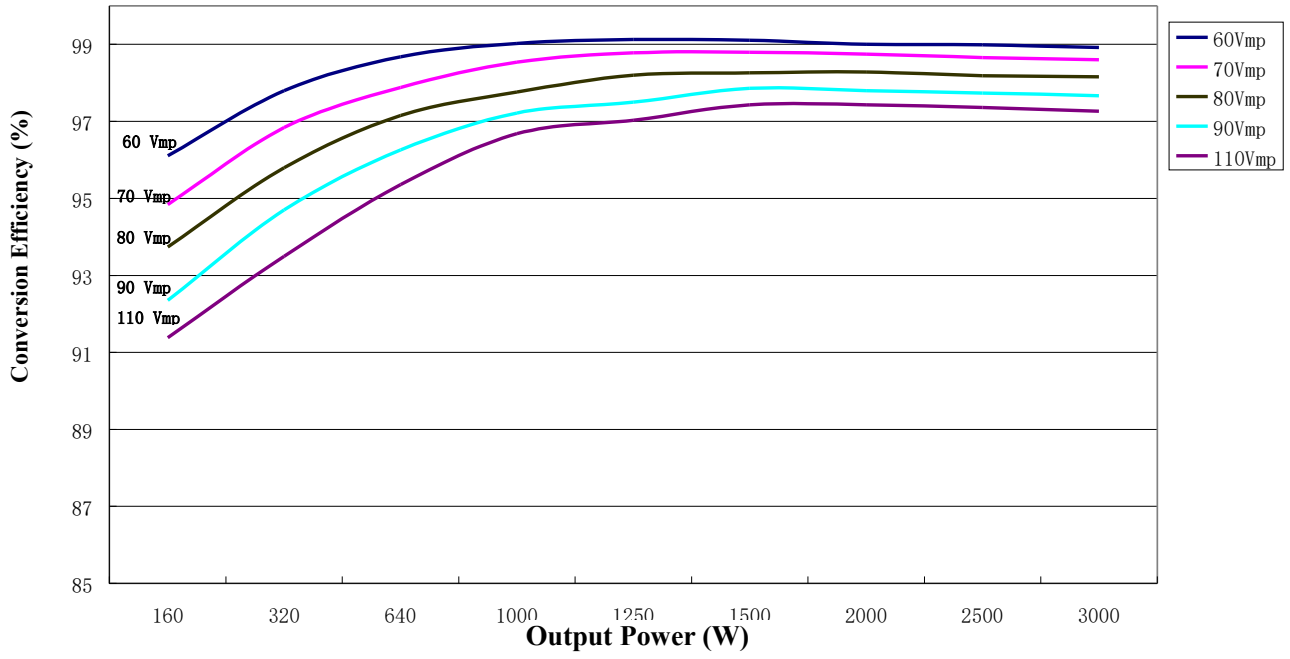
6.2. 24V System Conversion Efficiency

MPPT 24V System Conversion Efficiency (24V Battery)

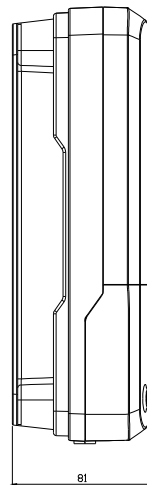
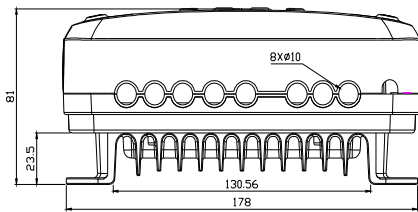
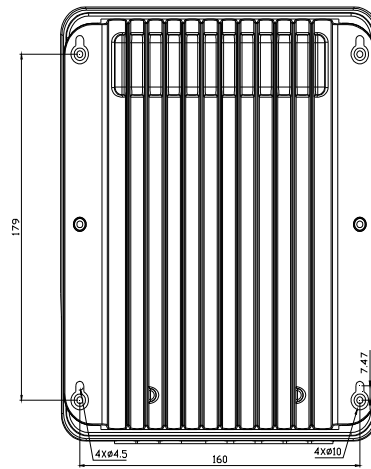
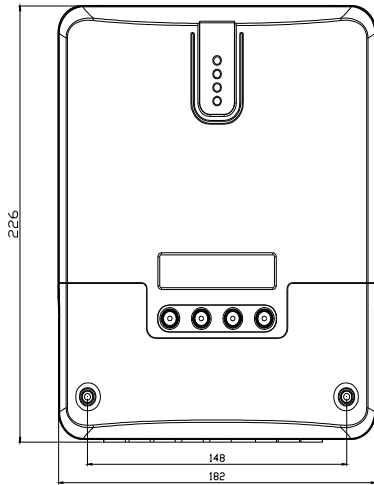


6.3.48V System Conversion Efficiency

MPPT 48V System Conversion Efficiency (48V Battery)



7. Product Size



Technical requirements:

Product size: 266*182*81mm

Hole position: 179*160mm

Hole size: Φ 4.5mm

Line material used: diameter <10mm